

SERVICES PROVIDED

- ➤ Collect tin scrap and secondary waste
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- To refine and remove impurities
- ➤ We have facility to check and analyse element content
- ➤ To recycle and refine tin waste become tin alloy ingot for reuse purpose



TIN ALLOY INGOT AVAILABILITY

- ➤ Tin / Lead Ingot
- ➤ Tin / Copper Ingot
- ➤ Tin / Copper / Silver Ingot
- ➤ Tin / Silver Ingot



PREMIUM METAL SDN BHD

(1159072-v)

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36, Jalan Perniagaan Setia 6, Jalan Perniagaan Setia,

81100 Johor Bahru, Johor, Malaysia.

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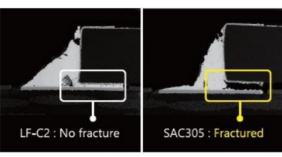
PRODUCT LIST

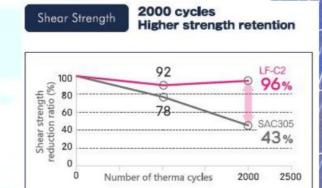
- Solder Bar
- Flux Cored Solder Wire
- Solid Solder Wire
- Solder Paste (Printing Grade)
- Solder Paste (Dispensing Grade)
- Soldering Flux
- Solder Anode
- Solder Spheres
- Solder Preform





No cracking after 2000 cycles



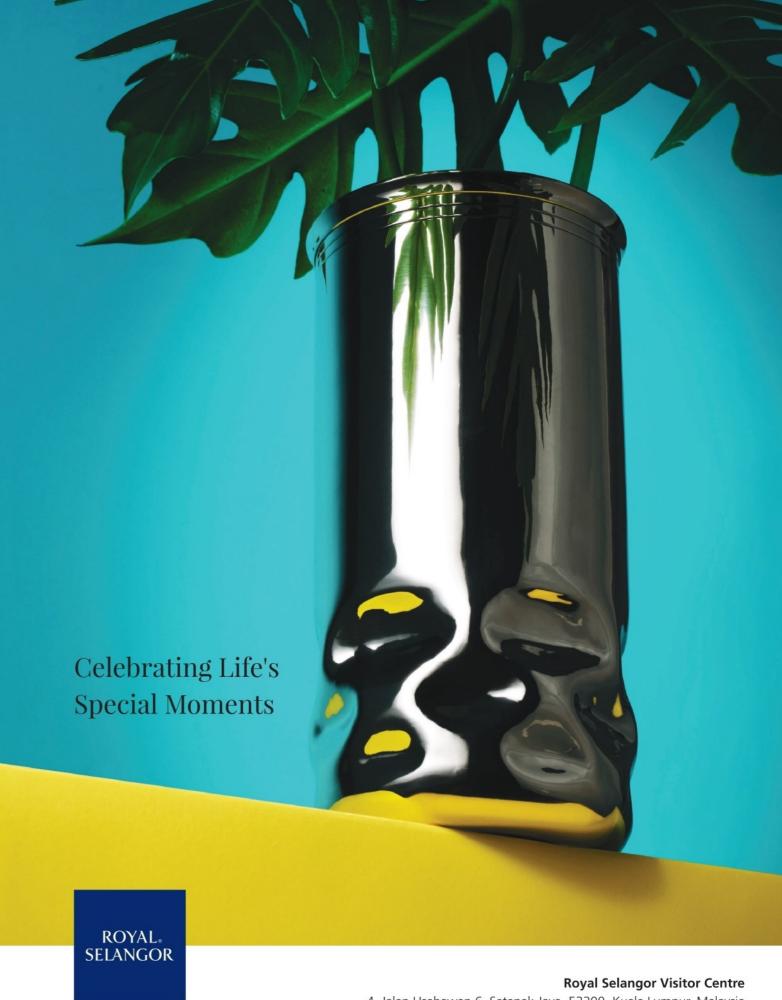


Equipped with various High-Tech Testing facilities, we are committed to provide excellent technical support and services to our customer

Lower Temperature Reflow

Peak reflow temperature lower than SAC305

LF-C2	SAC305
205	218
213	219
	205



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ASSOCIATION MEMBERS

Currently, the Association comprises one associate and 14 ordinary members covering the three main sectors of Malaysia's tin-based products manufacturing industry, namely the tinplate, solder and pewter sectors as listed below:

ORDINARY MEMBERS:

TINPLATE

Perusahaan Sadur Timah Malaysia Bhd (PERSTIMA)

SOLDER

Nihon Superior (M) Sdn Bhd Premium Metal Sdn Bhd RedRing Solder (M) Sdn Bhd Rian Resources Sdn Bhd Selayang Metal Industries Sdn Bhd Selayang Solder Sdn Bhd Senju (M) Sdn Bhd Shen Mao Solder (M) Sdn Bhd

PEWTER

Oriental Pewter Sdn Bhd Royal Selangor International Sdn Bhd Selwin Pewter Sdn Bhd Tumasek Pewter Sdn Bhd

ASSOCIATE MEMBER:

Malaysia Smelting Corporation Bhd

A Publication of The Malaysian Tin Products Manufacturers' Association

THE MALAYSIAN TIN PRODUCTS NEWSLETTER

QUARTERLY | OCTOBER-DECEMBER 2022

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VICE PRESIDENT

Mr David Tan Tumasek Pewter Sdn Bhd

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TABLE OF CONTENT

4 PRESIDENT'S NOTE

6 NEWS ON ECONOMY

8 NEWS ON SEMICONDUCTOR INDUSTRY

9 NEWS ON ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC INDUSTRY

16 DATA / STATISTICS

22 LIST OF ASSOCIATION MEMBERS

The Malaysian Tin Products Newsletter is published quarterly by the Malaysian Tin Products Manufacturers' Association (MTPMA). The opinions and statements expressed in the Newsletter are not necessarily those of the MTPMA or the Editorial Sub-Committee and neither endorsement nor confirmation are intended or implied.

Letters to the Editor are welcomed. We appreciate your feedback to further improve our editorial content. Please address your letters to:

The Edito

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PRESIDENT'S

NOTE



LIM CHENG SANG **PRESIDENT** THE MALAYSIAN TIN PRODUCTS MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION (MTPMA)

Dear Members,

As the year 2022 draws to a close, it is gratifying to note that readily available from Malaysia Smelting Cor-Malaysia's economic situation looks to be improving despite the poration Berhad(MSC) as compared to previglobal economic uncertainties. The Government has managed ously. to steer our country's economy well through the various global economic challenges. Malaysia's inflation rate, which had remained at 4% in November 2022, showed a slight decline to ed Malaysia 15th General Election was held on 3.8% in December 2022. The Government's measure to curb 18 November 2022. The outcome was a politithe inflation rate by increasing the Overnight Policy Rate(OPR) cal deadlock with no party coalition obtaining a had worked well, even though there were heavy criticisms and simple majority to form a government. In the arguments against the increase by some parties.

According to the Department of Statistics Malaysia, our econo- YAB Dato' Seri Anwar Ibrahim was appointed my strengthened by 14.2% in Q3 compared to 8.9% in Q2 2022. as Malaysia's 10th Prime Minister to lead the This positive momentum was attributed to the continuous ex- unity government. It is hoped that his appointpansion of domestic demand, resilient external demand, improving labour market and revival of economic activities includstants. ing the tourism sector as a result of the reopening of interna- harmony of the multi-racial and multi-cultural tional boundaries.

However, amidst this commendable Q3 economic performance, our nation's economy to thrive and prosper, economists had projected a slower growth in Q4 2022 to hover going forward. around 8.0 to 10.0 per cent, with expected overall growth rate between 4.5 to 5.5 per cent for 2022. Looking forward into Before concluding my President's Note, and on 2023, the Malaysian economy is anticipated by a research house behalf of the Association members, may I wish to further moderate to 4.0 per cent due to the continuing un- all our Christian friends, a Merry Christmas and certainty in the world economy.

As for the tin market, the fourth quarter of 2022 saw little im- Let us all pray that our economy will continue provement although prices were significantly elevated in De- to be resilient and prosper in the years ahead. cember. The metal was traded range-bound between US\$18,000 and US\$24,000 per tonne on the London Metal Ex- With warmest regards, change(LME) during the said quarter, whilst the Kuala Lumpur Tin Market(KLTM) continued to lack trading. However, the sup- LIM CHENG SANG ply of tin domestically improved significantly during the quarter. PRESIDENT Most Association members reported that refined tin metal were

end, the formation of a 'Unity Government' was proposed and received Royal Consent. Malaysian society. This will boost the confidence of potential foreign investors and enable

everyone, a Happy New Year 2023. May the new year bring much hope, joy and success.

STANL



Specialty anodes in lead and tin

- ► Extruded wave anodes
- Extruded solid round anodes
- ► Extruded hollow round lead anodes
- ▶ Cored anodes
- ► 12-point extruded solid star anodes
- ► 12-point extruded hollow star anodes
- ► Extruded octagonal section anodes

Small parts in lead and tin

- Metering and security seals
- ▶ Diving weights

Pewter alloys

Chemical service

- ► Extruded lead coils and pipes
- ► Bearing / anti-friction metals

Lead acid battery components

- ▶ Battery terminals
- ▶ Lead oxides
- ► Lead burning sticks
- ► Extruded cooling coils
- ▶ Busbars
- ► 12-point extruded hollow star anodes
- Extruded octagonal section anodes

Radiation containment

- ▶ Radioactive isotope containers
- ► Lead bricks
- ► Radiation protection doors and mobile shields

Sailboat / yacht accessories

▶ Boat keels / bulbs

MATERIAL AVAILABILITY

All our casting and extruded products are produced from high purity materials and are available in the following chemical composition: -

- ▶ Pure lead of 99.97% minimum
- ► Antimonial lead alloys of up to 6% antimony content
- ▶ Pure tin of 99.85% and its alloys

SELAYANG METAL INDUSTRIES SDN. BHD. (64855-U)

LOT 17519A, TAMAN SELAYANG BARU INDUSTRIAL ESTATE, BATU 8 1/2 JALAN IPOH. 68100 BATU CAVES, SELANGOR DARUL EHSAN.

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LEAD

COPPER

SILVER

			_							
LME PRICES & STOCKS			LME PRICES & STOCKS				LONDON SPOT PRICES			
	Cash	Stocks	1		Cash	Stocks			London	
	Settlement	Period End			Settlement	Period End			Spot	
	(US\$ / Tonne)	(Tonnes)			(US\$ / Tonne)	(Tonnes)			(US Cents / Troy Oz)	
2019	1,899.25	66,200	i	2019	6,062.43	144,675		2019	1,711.00	
2020	2,018.60	133,175		2020	7,755.24	105,800		2020	2,488.74	
2021	2,304.79	54,375		2021	9,550.31	88,725		2021	2,246.81	
2022	2,212.48	24,283		2022	8,367.23	84,804		2022	2,318.06	
2019 Jan	1,994.16	72,450		2019 Jan	5,932.02	149,950		2019 Jan	1.559.00	
Feb	2,062.08	72,450 76,875		Feb	6,278.20	126,100		Feb	1,580.00	
Mar	2,054.57	78,750		Mar	6,451.02	168,525		Mar	1,532.00	
Apr	1,948.85	74,425		Apr	6,445.10	225,925		Apr	1,504.00	
May	1,817.21	69,400		May	6,028.31	211,800		May	1,463.00	
Jun	1,891.50	65,750		Jun	5,868.43	240,900		Jun	1,500.00	
Jul	1,974.02	78,500		Jul	5,939.85	287,800		Jul	1,575.00	
Aug	2,043.19	77,525		Aug	5,707.98	335,850		Aug	1,714.00	
Sep	2,070.86	69,500		Sep	5,745.48	258,775		Sep	1,817.00	
Oct	2,184.30	70,075		Oct	5,742.89	255,025		Oct	1,762.00	
Nov	2,031.90	67,125		Nov	5,859.69	208,525		Nov	1,718.00	
Dec	1,899.25	66,200		Dec	6,062.43	144,675		Dec	1,711.00	
2020				2020				2020		
Jan	1,925.16	66,800		Jan	6,049.20	179,800		Jan	1,796.50	
Feb	1,872.30	68,100		Feb	5,686.45	216,950		Feb	1,792.20	
Mar	1,744.64	70,900		Mar	5,178.68	221,200		Mar	1,491.82	
Apr	1,651.53	73,650		Apr	5,048.25	251,475		Apr	1,504.55	
May	1,618.16	75,825		May	5,233.82	255,725		May	1,623.24	
Jun Jul	1,739.86 1,812.15	66,500 118,150		Jun Jul	5,742.39 6,353.76	213,325 126,675		Jun Jul	1,771.98 2,040.50	
Aug	1,935.20	124,900		Aug	6,496.70	88,250		Aug	2,686.25	
Sep	1,881.36	137,000		Sep	6,712.41	163,125		Sep	2,588.61	
Oct	1,777.07	124,400		Oct	6,702.77	169,600		Oct	2,429.84	
Nov	1,914.48	112,700		Nov	7,063.43	149,925		Nov	2,404.33	
Dec	2,018.60	133,175		Dec	7,755.24	105,800		Dec	2,488.74	
2021				2021				2021		
Jan	2,214.93	96,775		Jan	7,970.50	74,275		Jan	2,592.84	
Feb	2,085.75	94,625		Feb	8,460.25	74,200		Feb	2,734.60	
Mar	1,960.76	119,550		Mar	9,004.98	143,775		Mar	2,561.35	
Apr	2,006.33	110,575		Apr	9,335.55	137,400		Apr	2,564.03	
May	2,185.92	97,325		May	10,183.97	120,700		May	2,746.32	
Jun	2,188.98	80,250		Jun	9,612.43	211,975		Jun	2,698.16	
Jul	2,336.98	59,750		Jul	9,433.59	238,650		Jul	2,575.32	
Aug	2,428.52	52,250		Aug	9,357.19	252,725		Aug	2,401.64	
Sep	2,257.25 2,339.45	51,000 55,000		Sep Oct	9,324.07	217,175		Sep	2,330.73	
Oct Nov	2,339.45	55,000 56,775		Nov	9,778.50 9,765.48	131,300 78,625		Oct Nov	2,329.64 2,419.64	
Dec	2,304.79	54,375		Dec	9,550.31	88,725		Dec	2,246.81	
2022	2,001.70	01,010		2022	0,000.01	00,120		2022	2,210.01	
Jan	2,342.70	54,006		Jan	9,775.93	90,478		Jan	2,312.85	
Feb	2,299.90	49,196		Feb	9,941.35	76,775		Feb	2,346.50	
Mar	2,359.48	39,846		Mar	10,237.59	77,259		Mar	2,524.02	
Apr	2,396.74	39,355		Apr	10,183.13	118,741		Apr	2,454.11	
May	2,145.17	38,485		May	9,362.81	168,371		May	2,190.55	
Jun	2,067.38	39,141		Jun	9,033.13	121,468		Jun	2,149.03	
Jul.	1,976.26	39,324		Jul.	7,529.79	132,827		Jul.	1,907.62	
Aug.	2,077.91	38,599		Aug.	7,960.98	126,592		Aug.	1,975.00	
Sep.	1,874.45	35,047		Sep.	7,734.70	114,064		Sep.	1,883.57	
Oct.	1,988.10	30,148		Oct.	7,621.21	137,107		Oct.	1,936.31	
Nov.	2,099.39	27,207		Nov.	8,029.95	89,600		Nov.	2,099.89	
Dec.	2,212.48	24,283	J	Dec.	8,367.23	84,804	l	Dec.	2,318.06	
Source : Lo	ndon Metal Exchange									



NEWS ON ECONOMY

In for Another Great Quarterly GDP

Malaysia is expected to announce another smashing economic growth rate for the third quarter of 2022 (3Q22) amid very strong economic data and early signs of growth weakness ahead. Initial expectations was for domestic growth to hit a soft patch in the second half of the year, but 3Q22 looks set remain strong boosted by trade figures hitting the highest value in September and the Industrial Production Index for August growing at the fastest pace in 15 months. This comes despite the sharp rise in interest rates by major developed central banks to control inflation and engineer a soft landing appear to be making slow gains as consumption has held up with demand for Malaysian exports remaining strong especially into Asean and greater China.

Some economists, however, think the slowdown in gross domestic product (GDP) growth would be "delayed" and instead, kick in from 4Q22 onwards. Speaking with StarBiz, Bank Islam Malaysia Bhd chief economist Firdaos Rosli said that 3Q22 will "for sure" see the strongest GDP growth this year. In 2Q22 and 1Q22, the GDP had expanded year-on-year (y-o-y) by 8.9% and 5% respectively.

"We project 3Q22 growth will come in at 10.7% y-o-y, whereas the subsequent 4Q22's performance will likely linger around 2.1% primarily due to the dissipating base effects while the unemployment rate remains flat, thus limiting private consumption growth. Our updated 2022 projection falls at the low end of the government's revised estimate at 6.5%," he said. Firdaos' comment follows AmBank Research's recent report highlighting preliminary projection of 9.5% to 10.2% growth in 3Q22.

"The latest Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI) data plus the strong exports data are still indicative of growth in the third quarter of the year," the research house said in a note. Nevertheless, AmBank Bank also noted that the PMI data for September suggested the loss of momentum in customer demand. "This resulted in a moderation in new orders in September, ending a five-month sequence of expansion," it said in a note. The PMI fell to 49.1 in September, as compared to 50.3 in August. It turned out to be, thus far, the lowest reading in 2022.

"And there were further signs that the rebound in growth in Malaysia's economy seen earlier in the year could be losing steam as challenging conditions across the global manufacturing sector limit demand and production at Malaysian firms as well," stated AmBank Research. Amid the external headwinds, MIDF Research opined that there would be a stronger external trade contribution to Malaysia's GDP growth in 3Q22.

International Trade and Industry Ministry's trade numbers yesterday showed Malaysia's exports rose by 30.1% y-o-y to RM144.31bil in September, although a Reuters poll had expected a growth of 31.2%. Imports in September grew 33% y-o-y to RM112.6bil allowing the country to record a trade surplus of RM31.7bil in the month. For the 3Q22, exports increased by 38.3% y-o-y to RM419.65bil and imports expanded by 46.5% y-o-y to RM355.32bil. This was the highest quarterly value for exports and imports while trade surplus for quarter grew by 5.6% y-o-y to RM64.33bil.

While Bank Islam's Firdaos and AmBank Research have a positive GDP projections for 3Q22, economist Geoffrey Williams expects the Malaysian to slow down in the 3Q22 and even warned that an economic contraction is possible in the 4Q22. "The consensus 5% to 6% growth for full-year 2022 is consistent with average annual growth in the third and fourth quarters of between 3.5% to 4% compared to the same periods last year, which is a slowdown. Alternatively, the consensus' lower forecast of 5% is also consistent with zero quarter-on-quarter growth in the third or fourth quarters or a y-o-y contraction of 1.4% in 4Q22," he said.

KLTM & LME TIN PRICES

		LME CASH		
	Average	Price (*)	Total Turnover	Average Price
	(USD / Tonne)	(RM / Kg)	(Tonnes)	(USD / Tonne)
2017	20,029	86.12	8,890	20,098
2018	20,151	80.99	9,075	20,168
2019	19,168	79.11	6,445	18,671
2020	17,504	72.97	4,088	17,134
2021	26,589	108.88	1,955	32,584
2022	41,007	171.75	21	31,384
2019				
Jan	20,417	84.05	719	20,480
Feb	21,268	86.67	628	21,268
Mar	21,317	86.95	1,046	21,444
Apr	20,528	84.48	833	20,684
May	19,394	80.85	388	19,531
Jun	19,065	79.34	344	19,177
Jul	18,074	74.55	416	17,991
Aug	16,532	69.22	422	16,577
Sep	16,730	70.05	392	16,840
Oct	16,562	69.34	464	16,603
Nov	16,624	69.11	417	16,369
Dec	16,883	70.00	376	17,093
2020	13,000			,
Jan	17,014	69.42	406	17,056
Feb	16,536	68.85	354	16,457
Mar	16,417	69.47	236	15,321
Apr	CLOSED	CLOSED	CLOSED	15,039
May	15,110	65.65	268	15,410
Jun	16,605	71.03	374	16,806
Jul	17,287	73.79	358	17,452
Aug	17,515	73.47	343	17,432
-	·	74.12	444	·
Sep Oct	17,846 18,026	74.12	383	17,946 18,154
Nov	·			
	18,433	75.84	413	18,568
Dec	19,693	79.90	509	19,727
2021 Jan	22.005	90.05	244	24.055
	22,085	89.25	314	21,955
Feb	25,965	105.05	456	26,717
Mar	26,162	107.64	494	27,396
Apr	27,106	111.89	327	28,427
May	31,132	128.61	298	32,524
Jun	31,857	131.49	61	32,678
Jul	CLOSED	CLOSED	CLOSED	34,183
Aug	CLOSED	CLOSED	CLOSED	35,205
Sep	CLOSED	CLOSED	CLOSED	35,048
Oct	CLOSED	CLOSED	CLOSED	37,962
Nov	CLOSED	CLOSED	CLOSED	39,333
Dec	39,500	166.58	5	39,574
2022	44.00-	474.75	0.4	44.00=
Jan	41,007	171.75	21	41,807
Feb	NO TRANSACTION		NO TRANSACTION	44,118
Mar	NO TRANSACTION		NO TRANSACTION	44,249
Apr	NO TRANSACTION		NO TRANSACTION	43,122
May	NO TRANSACTION		NO TRANSACTION	35,945
Jun	NO TRANSACTION		NO TRANSACTION	31,777
Jul.	NO TRANSACTION		NO TRANSACTION	25,173
Aug.	NO TRANSACTION		NO TRANSACTION	24,520
Sep.	NO TRANSACTION		NO TRANSACTION	21,258
Oct.	NO TRANSACTION		NO TRANSACTION	19,406
Nov.	NO TRANSACTION		NO TRANSACTION	21,136
Dec.	NO TRANSACTION	INO I KANSACTION	NO TRANSACTION	24,099

te : As from 1 February 2001, KLTM price is quoted in US Dollar

 $(\mbox{\ensuremath{^{\star}}})$ KLTM's monthly average price is arrived at on a weighted average

against total tonnage basis.

Malaysian Ringgit to US Dollar exchange rate was unpegged on 22.8.2005

WORLD STOCKS OF REFINED TIN

(In Tonnes at Period End)

		Total		
Period	LME Stock	Country	US Strategic	
		Stocks	Stockpile	
0047				
2017	2,235	19,245	4,020	
2018	2,165	16,790	4,020	
2019	7,130	23,217	4,020	
2020	1,890	22,129	4,020	
2021	2,045	21,737	4,020	
2019				
Jan.	1,845	16,439	4,020	
Feb.	1,325	16,552	4,020	
Mar.	950	22,333	4,020	
Apr.	890	23,132	4,020	
May.	2,810	23,083	4,020	
Jun.	6,045	23,524	4,020	
Jul.	4,640	23,524	4,020	
Aug.	6,830	23,449	4,020	
Sep.	6,620	23,017	4,020	
Oct.	6,020	23,104	4,020	
Nov.	6,235	23,104	4,020	
Dec.	7,130	23,217	4,020	
2020	7,100	20,211	7,020	
	6 620	22 546	4.020	
Jan.	6,630	22,546	4,020	
Feb.	7,440	22,431	4,020	
Mar.	6,205	22,211	4,020	
Apr.	5,375	22,094	4,020	
May.	2,455	22,183	4,020	
Jun.	4,230	22,330	4,020	
Jul.	3,675	22,268	4,020	
Aug.	5,040	22,143	4,020	
Sep.	5,550	22,480	4,020	
Oct.	4,533	22,398	4,020	
Nov.	3,805	22,290	4,020	
Dec.	1,890	22,129	4,020	
2021		00.000	4 000	
Jan.	820	22,366	4,020	
Feb.	1,745	23,044	4,020	
Mar.	1,740	21,579	4,020	
Apr.	1,245	21,589	4,020	
May	755	21,589	4,020	
Jun.	2,015	21,539	4,020	
Jul.	2,290	21,499	4,020	
Aug.	1,395	21,487	4,020	
Sep.	1,235	21,508	4,020	
Oct.	670	21,508	4,020	
Nov.	1,285	21,508	4,020	
Dec.	2,045	21,737	4,020	
2022	2 222			
Jan.	2,390	22,051	4,020	
Feb.	2,245	22,076	4,020	
Mar.	2,000	21,941	4,020	
Apr.	2,010	22,267	4,020	
May	1,990	22,248	4,020	
Jun.	2,765	22,352	4,020	
Jul.	3,330	21,827	4,020	
Aug.	4,065	21,787	4,020	
Sep.	9,440	21,827	4,020	
Oct	4,255	21,827	4,020	
Nov	2,930	n.y.a	n.y.a	

n.y.a : not yet available

Source : World Bureau of Metal Statistics

Williams, who is an economics professor at Malaysia University of Science and Technology (MUST), pointed out that the massive 8.9% growth in 2Q22 was due to "extra money" from the withdrawals allowed by the Employees Provident Fund as well as from the economic recovery. "This has pushed the slowdown and possible contraction to 3Q22 and 4Q22 and also into 2023. This is consistent with the scenario given by the government. "As the government is telling us, 2023 will be worse and we will see the start of that before the end of 2022," he said.

With economists generally expecting Malaysia to head into a tougher economic environment in the final few months of this year, a major question arises. Would Bank Negara postpone any hike in the overnight policy rate (OPR), even though major central banks have continued to increase their rates? This year, the central bank raised the OPR by a cumulative 75 basis points (bps) over three meetings.

Firdaos expects Bank Negara to "most likely proceed" with another 25-bps hike at its Monetary Policy Committee meeting in November to take the OPR closer to its pre-pandemic level. "Looking at the present circumstances, we posit that Bank Negara will proceed with policy normalisation with a 25-bps hike at each meeting towards a terminal rate of 3.5%. OPR will be cut accordingly in the event of higher-than-expected external headwinds in 2023," he said.

Williams, on the other hand, said that it is "not inevitable" that Bank Negara will increase the OPR further next month. "Although Bank Negara does not have a specific target, the OPR is normally in the range 2.5% to 3% historically. Since we are in that range now and there is less chance of a change. "Bank Negara is independent. So the decision depends on economic conditions, which are quite sound, not political considerations due to the

election," he added. The aggressive rate hikes by the Federal Reserve has led to capital flight to dollar assets and at the expense of the ringgit hitting a fresh low of RM4.723 in intraday trade yesterday. Market watchers expect the high inflation in the American economy will push the Fed to hike its fed fund rate by another 75-bps early next month.

Amid the expectation of a slower growth moving into 2023, Bank Islam's Firdaos said supply-side reforms are needed to push Malaysia's economic potential to a higher level. "Issues such as fiscal sustainability, labour, tariff elimination and trade facilitation, investments and competition policy are key to Malaysia's reform agenda. As we head to the polls soon, we hope the incoming government will amass the required political capital to follow through with the reform momentum during the next political cycle," he said.

MUST's Williams also concurs that reforms are needed to improve the supply-side capacity of the economy. He pointed out that the underlying potential growth rate in Malaysia is lower due to the impact of the lockdowns and hence, previous longterm economic plans must be revised. "Specific reforms have to address incomes and equality through a Universal Basic Income model, pension reform is essential through a Universal Basic Pension because 96% of people do not have adequate pensions cover. Addressing under-employment through labour market liberalisation is also important. Tax reform to create a more efficient overall tax environment is essential and reform of National Higher Education Fund Corporation (PTPTN) is important because it is close to the limit of its resources and may pose a systemic risk if it is ignored," he said.

Source: The Star, 20 October 2022

NEWS ON

SEMICONDUCTOR INDUSTRY

Chip Demand Slump is Spreading

Texas Instruments Inc, whose chips go into everything from home appliances to missiles, dropped as much as 6.1% in late trading after its quarterly forecast signalled that the semiconductor industry's slump is spreading beyond computing and phones.

The company said that it expects revenue of US\$4.4bil (RM20.8bil) to US\$4.8bil (RM22.7bil) in the fourth quarter, short of the US\$4.93bil (RM23.3bil) average estimate from analysts. Profit will be US\$1.83 (RM8.7) to US\$2.11 (RM10) a share, also missing projections.

While Texas Instruments has the largest customer list in the semiconductor industry – making its projections an indicator of demand across the economy – producers of cars and industrial machinery contribute more than 60% of revenue. Some industrial customers are now slowing their orders, joining makers of computers and phones in cutting back. But demand from the automotive market remains strong, the company said.

"During the quarter, we experienced expected weakness in personal electronics and expanding weakness across industrial," chief executive officer Rich Templeton said in the statement. Overall, orders have worsened and cancellations have increased as the current quarter has progressed, Texas Instruments said.

Many of the largest companies in the industry - Samsung Electronics Co, Intel Corp and Nvidia Corp among them – have warned that demand is dropping steeply. But investors have been hoping that the industry is nearing a low point. - Bloombera

Source: The Star, 27 October 2022

Global Chip Recovery Will Depend on China

The recovery of global semiconductor demand will hinge on China, given its commanding market share. With no clear signs on how the country can fully extricate itself from the epidemic, supply chain challenges are expected to remain going into 2023. However, some multinational semiconductor players are going ahead with their investments in new semiconductor foundries as they take a long term view on global tech demand. This will benefit contractors including gas infrastructure providers. "The other bright spot in the technology sector is the recession-proof cybersecurity service," said Kenanga Research in a report. The World Semiconductor Trade Statistics changed its forecast for global semiconductor demand growth in 2023 to a contraction of 4.1% in end-November 2022 from a 4.6% expansion forecast three months before.

Despite the uncertainties over the immediate term, the semiconductor companies remain upbeat on the sector's long-term prospects, underpinned by new technology-driven goods and services such as 5G connectivity and electric vehicles (EVs), which are still at their infancy. This is especially true for the infrastructure that support and facilitate these products such as cellular base stations, EV charging stations and data centres. There will be an increasing proportion of these sales being fulfilled by the remaining inventory instead of new inventory replenishment

MALAYSIA'S DOMESTIC TIN CONSUMPTION

(In Tonnes)

PERIOD	TOTAL CONSUMPTION	SOLDER *	TINPLATE	PEWTER	OTHERS *
2016 2017	2,238 2,707	1,314 1,348	750 737	86 63	88 559
2017	1,964	1,019	759	39	147
2019	1,441	695	639	19	88
2020	1,512	738	626	8	140
2021	1,156	395	710	6	45
2022**	n.y.a	n.y.a	639	n.y.a.	n.y.a
2019	,	,	333	,	,
Jan.	125	66	51	1	7
Feb.	99	60	35	0	4
Mar.	134	69	56	1	8
Apr.	125	51	64	2	8
May	145	70	62	1	12
Jun.	129	66	56	1 3	6 3
Jul. Aug.	144 122	91 60	47 51	3 1	10
Sep.	111	41	60	3	7
Oct.	111	41	59	3	8
Nov.	105	45	52	1	7
Dec.	91	35	46	2	8
2020					
Jan.	93	40	48	0	5
Feb.	119	62	52	0	5
Mar.	71	22	45	0	4
Apr.	75 99	19 49	53 44	0 0	3 6
May. Jun.	190	49 74	67	3	46
Jul.	150	84	55	3	8
Aug.	151	49	65	0	37
Sep.	138	85	46	0	7
Oct.	146	77	59	0	10
Nov.	125	78	40	2	5
Dec.	155	99	52	0	4
2021	445	70	00	4	-
Jan. Feb.	145 70	73 30	66 37	1 0	5
Mar.	113	40	68	0	3 5
Apr.	115	39	68	1	7
May	91	40	46	0	7 5
Jun	86	29	50	0	7
Jul.	84	20	64	0	0
Aug.	86	25	57	0	4
Sep.	85	30	53	2	0
Oct. Nov.	98 91	29 20	69 69	0 2	0 0
Dec.	92	20	63	0	9
2022**				,	Ť
Jan.	n.y.a	n.y.a	56	n.y.a	n.y.a
Feb.	n.y.a	n.y.a	69	n.y.a	n.y.a
Mar.	n.y.a	n.y.a	58	n.y.a	n.y.a
Apr.	n.y.a	n.y.a	67	n.y.a	n.y.a
May	n.y.a	n.y.a	54 50	n.y.a	n.y.a
Jun	n.y.a	n.y.a	50	n.y.a	n.y.a

* : The figures include high-grade tin (99.9% Sn) imported for consumption.

** : Preliminary.
n.y.a : not yet available

Sources : Department of Mineral and Geoscience Malaysia

Malaysia Smelting Corporation Bhd

Perstima Bho

Note : Local consumption of tin metal refers to the use of tin in a particular application.

Sales to manufacturing industries have been used as proxy for consumption except

in the case of manufacture of tinplate which are actual tin consumption data.

MALAYSIAN TIN STATISTICS

In Tonnes)

Period	Production of Tin-In- Concentrates	Imports of Tin-In- Concentrates	Refined Tin Production	Local Consumption	Exports of Tin Metal			
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021*	4,158 30,536 3,894 29,866 3,868 27,450 3,611 25,644 2,963 22,288 2,980 322		26,849 27,211 27,115 24,387 22,367 16,634	2,238 2,707 1,964 1,441 1,512 1,156	27,470 27,147 27,342 24,418 22,597 16,441			
2019 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May. Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	325 278 324 301 282 213 263 299 320 312 323 356	2,169 1,700 2,263 2,090 1,842 2,393 2,393 2,381 1,998 2,506 2,147 1,762	1,887 1,912 2,169 2,145 1,836 1,536 2,491 2,476 2,234 1,478 2,137 2,086	125 99 134 125 145 129 144 122 111 111 105 91	2,205 1,694 2,195 2,097 1,891 1,630 2,347 2,257 1,886 1,790 2,086 2,340			
2020 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May. Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec	3,596 289 266 162 36 252 278 272 277 292 295 272 272	25,644 2,136 1,449 1,105 1,198 2,187 1,927 1,972 2,785 2,398 1,565 1,536 2,030	24,387 2,314 1,880 1,228 1,110 1,344 1,926 1,819 2,672 2,057 2,078 1,974 1,965	1,441 93 119 71 75 99 190 150 151 138 146 125 155	24,418 2,180 2,226 1,191 933 1,516 1,644 2,240 2,290 2,198 2,126 2,108 1,945			
2021* Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May. Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct Nov. Dec	278 257 290 294 262 44 204 233 262 292 270 294	28 29 46 47 26 0 21 19 59 16 10 21	1,639 1,847 2,041 1,680 1,861 695 973 1,115 1,221 1,349 1,086 1,127	145 70 113 115 91 86 84 86 85 98 91	1,770 1,765 1,982 1,836 1,638 894 507 1,085 1,599 1,165 1,172 1,028			
2022* Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May Jun. Jul. Aug Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	234 252 306 273 276 285 303 338 325 322 271 n.y.a	1,173 1,162 1,258 1,511 1,660 1,729 1,475 1,397 1,313 1,842 1,454 2,069	1,332 1,160 1,653 1,417 1,143 1,730 1,886 2,211 1,592 1,692 1,702 1,924	n.y.a	1,305 1,017 1,659 1,431 1,333 1,481 1,494 2,402 1,948 1,431 1,622 2,176			

* : Preliminary

n.y.a : Not yet available

Sources : Department of Statistics, Malaysia
Department of Mineral and Geoscience Malaysia

Malaysia Smelting Corporation Bhd.

The research house has a "neutral" call on the technology sector and its top picks are Kelington Group Bhd and LGMS Bhd. It likes Kelington for being a direct proxy to the front-end wafer fab expansion, its robust earnings visibility underpinned by both robust order book and tender book exceeding RM1bil, and its strong foothold in multiple markets – Malaysia, Singapore and China. LGMS has unique exposure to the growing cybersecurity business and new proprietary certification software is expected to be its next earnings driver

Automotive-centric players such as D&O Green Technologies Bhd have indicated that their seasonally stronger fourth guarter may not materialise, as car manufacturers are prioritising clearing off existing built-up inventory and have toned down order forecasts for the next two quarters in anticipation of heightened economic uncertainty. Such sentiment has been echoed by the likes of JHM Consolidated Bhd. The US smartphone maker has also warned of longer-than-expected delivery time for its latest smartphone model in the upcoming festive season. This will likely dampen Inari Amertron Bhd's growth, given that about 60% of its revenue comes from the smartphone radio frequency segment, Kenanga Research said. Although Inari has switched its strategy to focus on legacy models, it may still struggle against the waning consumer demand for premium purchases

Source: The Star, 22 December 2022

NEWS ON

ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS INDUSTRY

Indium Opens Penang Plant

United States-based Indium corporation has expanded its operations in Malaysia with a new 37,500-sq-ft manufacturing facility in Penang. The company produces a diverse range of solders and solder paste products, including materials for the electronics assembly, e-mobility, power electronics and advanced packaging for semiconductor markets.

Earlier this year, it announced a RM250 million investment for its expansion in Malaysia. Indium said the new facility had begun manufacturing activities. It will continue to expand the production capacity to better serve customers in Malaysia and the region, including Thailand and Vietnam. Penang Chief Minister Chow Kon Yeow said Indium's investment decision served as an acknowledgement of the skilled talent, well-developed infrastructure and resilient environment in the state. "Being widely regarded as one of the major players in the global semiconductor industry, Penang's robust electrical and electronics ecosystem is believed to have paved the way for sustainable industry development, offering a competent platform for the players along the supply chain to participate and thrive," he said

Senior International Trade and Industry Minister Datuk Seri Azmin Ali said Indium would serve as a catalyst to attract more players in the advanced soldering material industry and strengthen the local supply chain. "Indium will provide its technical expertise to assist the technical knowhow, technology transfer as well as upskilling and reskilling of local talents," he said.

The new facility will be manufacturing solder pastes, thermal interface materials and solder preforms. "Indium is proud to continue its more than 40-year history of doing business in Malaysia with the grand opening of our new manufacturing facility in Penang. "This facility will enable us to further support our customers in automotive, semiconductor, power electronics, emobility, industrial, computing and other markets," said president and chief operating officer Ross Bernston.

Source: New Straits Times, 25 October 2022

Potential for Growth in E&E Industry

Malaysia has the potential to play a key role in the future global semiconductor industry, say industry experts. Local and foreign experts attending the Malaysia National E&E (Electrical and Electronics) Forum 2022 here yesterday agreed that a combined focus on E&E would be an important catalyst for Malaysia's future growth towards becoming a high-income and high-technology nation.

Malaysian Semiconductor Industry Association (MSIA) president Datuk Seri Wong Siew Hai said the recently implemented Comprehensive and Progressive Agreement for Trans-Pacific Partnership (CPTPP) would provide local industry with greater opportunities to grow. "The elimination of tariffs between countries under the CPTPP will increase Malaysia's overall export competitiveness with countries that do not have any FTA with us yet, such as Canada, Mexico and Peru. This is especially fruitful for the semiconductor sector by providing companies with wider sourcing channels and the possibility of lower raw import material costs. This will also heavily benefit the growth of E&E small and medium enterprises (SMEs) and companies that do not already enjoy customs duty exemptions, which will lead to an overall increase in investments into the local market,"

he said in his opening address at the forum.

Malaysian Investment Development Authority (Mida) deputy chief executive officer S. Sivasuriyamoorthy said the local semiconductor manufacturing sector was also expected to continue its rapid growth so long as the government's holistic approach to the E&E ecosystem is continued. "The focus on accelerating the adoption and adaptation of advanced factory automation and digitalisation to transition existing operations into 'smart factories' has enhanced the flexibility of the industry to adapt to unforeseen challenges like the US-China trade tensions," he said.

STMicroelectronics Asia-Pacific executive vice-president for public affairs (Asia) Bertrand Stoltz said current promising global market conditions would continue to provide ample opportunities for Malaysia to expand its share of the global semi-conductor market. "The rising demand and use of renewable energy worldwide means that there will be greater demand for vital E&E components that these technologies use as more people become environmentally conscious. People will be more

FROM PAGE 10

inclined to purchase newer power-saving appliances to replace their legacy appliances that lack power-saving or modern features that are expected by most modern consumers. The automotive industry will also drive up demand for semiconductors as vehicle production levels recover from the pandemic slowdown. This is further enhanced by the increasing demand and development of new environmentally friendly vehicles that require far more semiconductors due to having more features that require additional processing power," said Stoltz, who is also the STMicroelectronics Singapore managing director.

Semiconductor Industry Association (SIA) vice-president for global policy Jimmy Goodrich said Malaysia's semiconductor workers would also be in high demand due to the passing of the Chips and Science Act by the US government in August to boost domestic semiconductor research and development. "There will be an increased demand for skilled workers from Malaysia and other countries as US companies look for experts to help revitalise their semiconductor industry. Malaysia should be wary of the possibility of losing a large portion of its skilled semiconductor workers to the US if Malaysia wants to continue its ambition of being a major force in the global semiconductor market," he said.

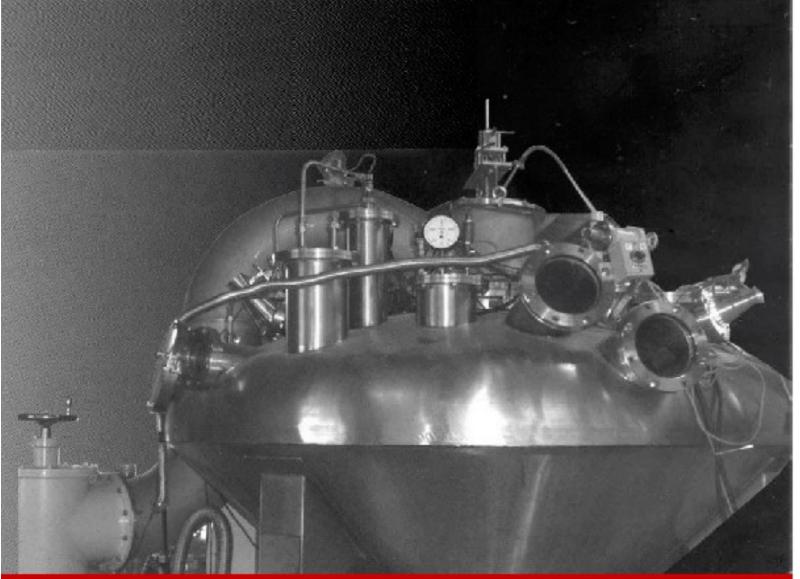
Deloitte Consulting (SEA) Sdn Bhd executive director for consulting Jan Thomas Nicholas said Malaysia had a significant amount of untapped potential workforce that could help meet the labour needs of the future semiconductor market. Malaysia has a lot of really smart and entrepreneurial people in both the rural and

urban areas, and spreading awareness about the possible future benefits of being a chip engineer would spur most of them to join the industry. "They can play a pivotal role in advancing not just the Malaysian semiconductor industry but potentially the global market as a whole if they are given the chance," he said.

The forum, held physically at MIDA Sentral and broadcast online, attracted over 300 participants, represented by manufacturers, service providers, and potential investors. It was divided into two panel discussions, the first on "CHIPS and Science Act and US Restrictions" with panellists who included Goodrich, Jan Thomas, and managing director and head of Taiwan research at Credit Suisse and Asia semiconductors Randy Abrams.

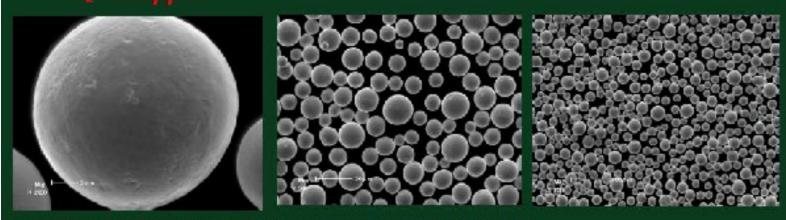
The second panel discussion revolved around the topic of "Sustainability in the E&E Industry" with the panellists including Western Digital Batu Kawan Manufacturing Operations vice-president and general manager Vishwanath Ramaswamy; Ernst and Young Consulting climate change and sustainability services senior manager Ibrahim Ariffin; SEMI sustainability programmes vice-president Dr Mousumi Bhat; and Dell Technologies Delivery Centre of Excellence, global sales learning and development senior adviser Chan Kim Beng. Wong Shou Ning, a local business radio presenter, moderated both sessions.

Source: The Star, 7 December 2022



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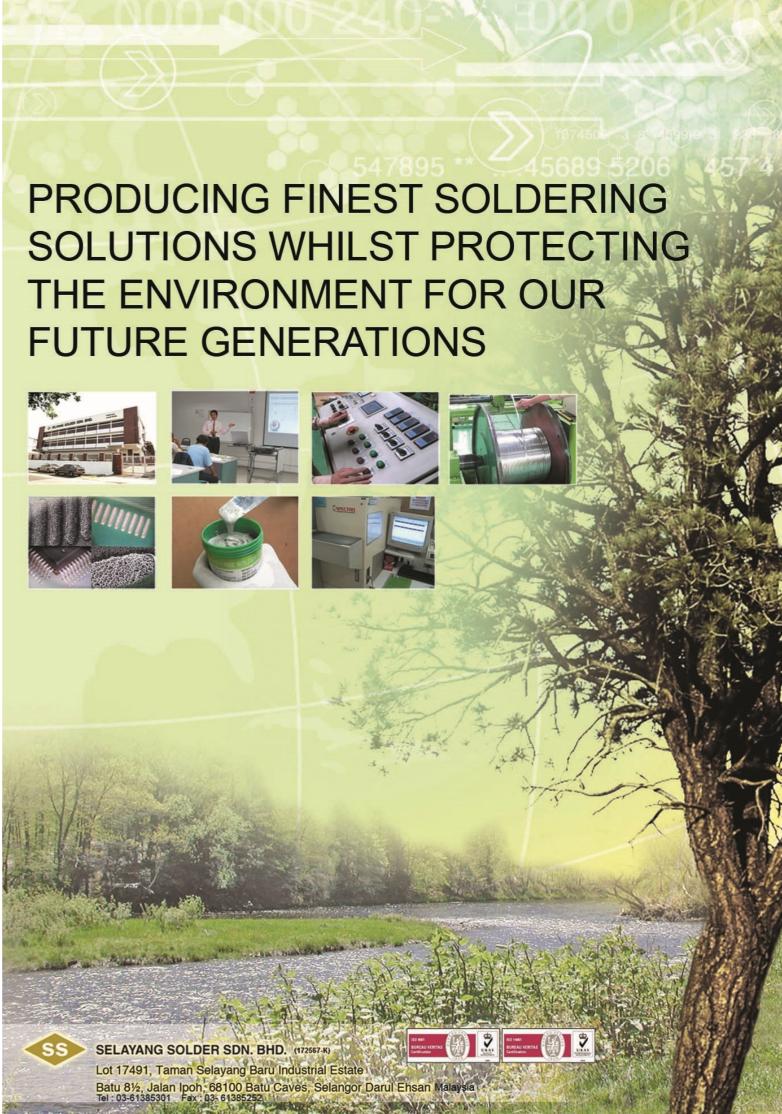
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