MALAYSIAN TIN PRODUCTS

NEWSLETTER

QUARTERLY

APRIL - JUNE 2023



SECRETARIAT ADDRESS

The Malaysian Tin Products Manufacturers' Association MTPMA 8th Floor, West Block, Wisma Golden Eagle Realty 142-C, Jalan Ampang, 50450 Kuala Lumpur

Tel: 603-21616171 Fax: 603-21616179 Web: www.mtpma.org.my

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TEL: +60-(0)5-527-3792

FAX: +60-(0)5-527-3659

Sales Inquiry Info:

NIHON SUPERIOR ASIA SDN. BHD.

TEL: +60-(0)3-7932-5875 FAX: +60-(0)3-7931-5892

Mail: info@nihonsuperior.com.my

THE MALAYSIAN TIN PRODUCTS NEWSLETTER

QUARTERLY | APRIL - JUNE 2023

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Letters to the Editor are welcomed. We appreciate your feedback to further improve our editorial content.
Please address your letters to:

The Editor The Malaysian Tin Products Newsletter 8th Floor, West Block, Wisma Golden Eagle Realty 142-C, Jalan Ampang 50450 Kuala Lumpur.

PRESIDENT'S

NOTE



LIM CHENG SANG
PRESIDENT
THE MALAYSIAN TIN PRODUCTS
MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION
(MTPMA)

Dear Members,

It is heartening to note that Malaysia's economy continued to strengthen with Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM) announcing that the country had achieved a GDP growth of 5.6% in the first guarter of 2023. Although the number is lower than the 7.0% registered in Q4 2022, it is still above the 5.0% forecasted by economists. BNM had attributed the higher than expected growth to enhanced domestic demand. Further improvement in the labour market, with strong growth in employment and continued expansion in wages, had supported private consumption spending. Despite global headwinds, BNM had forecasted that, for the full year, the Malaysian economy will expand by 4.0% to 5.0% in 2023 based on firmer domestic demand, improving employment and income, and continuing implementation of multi-year public projects that will support consumption and investment. BNM added that increased in-bound tourism activity is expected to lift the services sector and partially off-set the slower growth in the exports sector.

Apart from the encouraging GDP growth, the inflation rate for the first quarter of the year dropped to 3.6% from the 3.9% registered in Q4 2022. The lower first quarter inflation rate was attributed to several Government measures, such as introducing price controls on certain goods and expanding consumer subsidies.

In early May this year, BNM revised the Overnight Policy Rate(OPR) to 3%, an increase of 25 percentage points. The effect of the revision on the manufacturing sector is not yet apparent, although it has already been felt by the property and real estate sectors.

This quarter also witnessed the dissolution of the state assemblies of six States in Peninsular Malaysia, namely Selangor, Penang, Kedah, Kelantan and Terengganu, which paved the way for State elections, scheduled to be held in August this year.

In terms of the global tin market, the price of tin at the London Metal Exchange hovered between USD 24,000 per tonne and USD 28,000 per tonne during the second quarter of the year. However, a forecast by BMI Country Risk & Industry Research indicated that the tin price is expected to increase following the decision by Wa State in Myanmar, the world's third-largest tin producer, to suspend tin mining activities with effect from August

2023. The International Tin Association (ITA) cautioned that this action could involve close to 10% of global tin concentrate supplies. There are also reports that the Indonesian Government will be announcing its decision to ban the export of tin ingots by the end of June 2023. To date, the said Government had already announced the ban on the export of bauxite effective from 10 June 2023, but no announcement had been made on the ban of tin ingots export.

Domestically, the Kuala Lumpur Tin Market (KLTM) would likely be closing its trading platform permanently following almost two years of dormant tin trading activity. With this pending development, Association members will have to find alternative tin markets for price referencing of their tin metal supplies.

Our Association members, who are mainly tin-based product manufacturers, have reported that during the second quarter of the year they had experienced a mix of good and challenging situations. They had enjoyed a steady and ample supply of refined tin, no major labor shortages, nor any wage issues. However, in terms of demand, they saw a downtrend but were optimistic that orders could start to pick-up by the third quarter.

Whatever it might be, I am truly confident that our members would be in a position to face such challenges coming their way, as I believe we are all resourceful, hardworking, industrious, and committed to providing quality products and services, and meeting the requirements of international standards and practices.

To conclude this brief note, may I express my grateful thanks to all members for their support of the Association, particularly in their participation at the recent 2023 Annual General Meeting where I was re-elected to serve as the Association's President for another term. I will continue to do my level best in again helming the Association, and likewise call upon members to support me in moving the Association forward by continuing to partake in all its activities. Let us all work closely together to further enhance our Association and the industry so as to contribute towards the betterment of our nation, economy and society.

Best regards,

C.S Lim President

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NEWS ON ECONOMY

Improving Jobs Market

Labour market conditions in Malaysia are expected to continue improving this year, with more jobs available amid the recovery in domestic economic activities. According to economists, the February 2023 unemployment rate, which fell to its lowest since the Covid-19 pandemic, was already pointing to a trend of further recovery in the country's labour market.

Data from the Statistics Department showed that Malaysia's unemployment rate in February 2023 had eased to 3.5% – the lowest since the Covid-19 pandemic hit in March 2020 – from 3.6% in January 2023.

The improvement was underpinned by higher employment across all sectors. TA Research said the positive trend in Malaysia's unemployment rate was indicative of the country's gradual economic recovery, which had been facilitated by the government's initiatives such as wage subsidies and job placement programmes.

"As the labour market stabilises and the economy continues to grow, it creates the potential for investment opportunities in Malaysia's labour market," the brokerage wrote in its report.

"Furthermore, this growth can attract more investors and generate additional business opportunities, thereby contributing to the long-term growth and development of the country," it explained. TA Research maintained its view of a continued downward trend in the country's jobless rate.

"We forecast an average rate of 3.5% for this year. The rate is predicted to hover between the 3.4% and 3.6% levels," it said. In absolute terms, the number of unemployed persons had declined for 19 straight months and at the fastest pace in five months, reflecting robust hiring in February 2023.

During the month in review, there were 591,900 unemployed persons – the lowest since February 2020 – as compared to 596,100 in January 2023. Hong Leong Investment Bank (HLIB) Research said Malaysia's labour market was expected to continue on its recovery path in 2023, as labour demand remained favourable. This was expected to be supported by continued growth in social

and economic activities, particularly in the tourism sector, it noted.

"The pace of improvement, however, may moderate in the coming months in view of the lingering economic headwinds on the external front and the normalisation of labour market conditions," HLIB Research wrote in its report yesterday.

The brokerage maintained its forecast of a 4.5% growth in gross domestic product (GDP) for 2023. Meanwhile, Kenanga Research, which maintained its 2023 GDP growth forecast at 4.7%, projected the country's unemployment rate to average at 3.5% this year, an improvement from the average of 3.8% in 2022.

"We remain cautious about the recovery in the labour market conditions although the labour market has demonstrated a sustained recovery due to an increase in domestic economic activities amid a gradual pick-up in the tourism-related sector," the brokerage said.

"This is likely due to the prospect of a global economic slowdown that could largely weigh on the export-related industries," it added. Kenanga Research, however, expects various policy support measures, such as the opening up of 19,000 vacancies for teachers, 1,500 new appointments for the healthcare sector and 50,000 job placement opportunities via the Malaysian short-term employment programme or MySTEP, to further alleviate the unemployment rate.

MIDF Research maintained its average jobless rate forecast for Malaysia at 3.5% for 2023. It said the labour market in Malaysia was expected to strengthen further this year, underpinned by the upbeat momentum in domestic economy and modest expansion in the external sector.

"We foresee Malaysia's unemployment rate to decline further to 3.5%, yet slightly higher than the pre-pandemic level of 3.3%.

"Steady expansion in primary sectors as well as construction and services will prop up employment opportunities next year," it said.

Source: The Star, 12 April 2023

Fitch Revises Tin Price Forecast Upward

BMI Country Risk & Industry Research, a unit of Fitch Solutions, has revised its tin price forecast for 2023 upwards to US\$25,000 (RM115,438) a tonne from US\$20,000 (RM92,350) a tonne, as a number of regulatory changes point to a looming supply crunch in the global tin market.

In a statement, it said the Wa militia in Myanmar, the world's third-largest tin producer, has announced a suspension of tin mining activities from August 2023, citing the need to protect remaining resources after years of mining.

"The International Tin Association has cautioned that this could threaten close to 10% of global tin concentrate supplies. Indonesia, the world's

largest exporter of tin, has announced a proposed ban on the exports of tin ingots from June 2023, although this has not been confirmed yet.

"The combined impending fall of Myanmar and Indonesia's exports of tin has significantly boosted sentiment, with tin prices hovering around US\$25,451 (RM117,520) a tonne as of May 19, 2023, and we expect further upside ahead," it said. — Bernama

Source: The Star, 26 May 2023

GDP Growth for 2023 Revised Higher to 4.6%

Country to Maintain Resilient Domestic Demand

An uneven global economic slowdown is seen in the second half of 2023 (2H23) with a recession in the United states likely in the fourth quarter (4Q23), according to CGS-CIMB Research. It expects China to see a soft rebound, while the European Union may fare better than previously expected although Germany had already fallen into recession in 1Q23. In this region, the research firm said that Malaysia, Indonesia, Singapore and Thailand have experienced slowdown on the external side since 4Q22, in line with the moderation in global demand.

However, it notes that the domestic sector of these countries appear to be resilient, while Chinese tourists are returning, albeit gradually. As for Malaysia, CGS-CIMB Research said it has now raised its 2023 growth projection to 4.6% year-on-year (y-o-y), from 4.4% previously, to reflect the strength in the country's 1Q23 gross domestic demand ahead. Malaysia's economy grew 5.6% in 1Q23, outperforming economists' expectations where a median forecast of 21 economists polled by Reuters had pointed growth of 4.8%, down from a revised 7.1% in 4Q22. "The further revival of tourism-related sectors and improvement in the labour market are keys in driving the economy. With the strong 1Q23 growth numbers, we anticipate 1h23 growth to be higher at 5.2% y-o-y (versus our previous estimate of 4.4%) and to trail

softer in 2H23," CGS-CIMB Research said in an economic report.

According to the research firm, improving income growth following the government's efforts to increase disposable income under the revised Budget 2023 will continue to support spending. Towards this end, CGS-CIMB Research now expects private consumption growth to expand slightly higher in 2023 by 6.7% compared with 6.5% previously. "For tourism, the government is targeting 16.1 million foreign tourists this year (60% higher than 2022), with RM49.2bil in tourism receipts. "The reopening of China has already lead to an influx of 178,000 tourists in 1Q23 (versus 104,000 in 4Q22), with a potential to recover to the prepandemic level of 3.1 million by early-FY24," it added. It noted Malaysia's latest employment data signalled encouraging growth in the market, with a higher 68.9% labour participation rate in 1Q23 versus 68% in 1Q22.

The research firm also expects investments to grow by 4% y-o-y in 2023 backed by the large development expenditure at RM97bil, which will have a positive impact on investment activity. However, it expects exports to remain weak due to the high base effects and weakening prospects for demand ahead, after the slow perfor-

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mance in 1Q23. "We revise our projection on real export growth to contract by 7.8% y-o-y in FY23 (versus a 5.8% growth in our previous forecast). Manufacturing exports have shown two consecutive months of negative growth y-o-y, with the possibility of more declines ahead, after the strong double-digit growth recorded in 2022. Higher cost of living, lower inventory preference by firms, as well consumer preference for spending on services post-pandemic are some of the key restraints in propelling goods demand," said CGS-CIMB Research.

With the goods account surplus expected to narrow further amid slowing demand from major trading partners, the research firm has also revised its current account forecast to come in lower at 1.6% of FY23 GDP as compared to its previous forecast of 2.1%.

Source: The Star, 13 June 2023

Trade Performance for May 2023: Exports of Manufactured and Mining Goods Rebound 1.8 Per Cent Year-on-Year

Exports of manufactured goods which constituted 85.4 per cent or RM102.18 billion of total exports rebounded by 1.8 per cent year-on-year (y-o-y) after registering two consecutive months of contraction. This was on account of increased exports of petroleum products, electric and electronic (E&E) products, machinery, equipment and parts, processed food as well as optical and scientific equipment. Exports of mining goods (7.7 per cent share) rose by 5.9 per cent y-o-y to RM9.26 billion buoyed by strong exports of liquefied natural gas (LNG).

Exports of agriculture goods (6.2 per cent share) totalled RM7.44 billion, shrank by 30.9 per cent compared with May 2022 owing mainly to lower export value of palm oil and palm oil-based agriculture products. Major exports in May 2023:

E&E products, valued at RM46.53 billion and accounted for 38.9 per cent of total exports, increased by 1.3 per cent compared to May 2022;

- Petroleum products, RM13.81 billion, 11.5 per cent of total exports, increased by 10.5 per cent;
- Chemicals and chemical products, RM6.26 billion, 5.2per cent of total exports, increased by 1.7 per cent;
- Palm oil and palm oil-based agriculture products, RM5.41 billion, 4.5 per cent of total exports, decreased by 39.2 per cent;

LNG, RM5.24 billion, 4.4 per cent of total exports, increased by 9.3 per cent. The Ministry of Investment, Trade and Industry (MITI) released its trade performance for May 2023 and the period of January to May 2023.

Source: New Straits Times, 20 June 2023

Four States Outperformed the Country's Growth in 2022

Four states outperformed the country's gross domestic product (GDP) growth surpassing the national average in 2022, according to the Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM). DOSM said in a statement that Penang (13.1 per cent), Selangor (11.9 per cent), Pahang (10.8 per cent) and Kuala Lumpur (9.2 per cent) all outperformed the national growth rate in 2022, contributing significantly to the country's overall progress. Malaysia's GDP grew to 8.7 per cent in 2022.

"Pulau Pinang achieved impressive growth, ignited by its key economic driver, the manufacturing sector, which accelerated by 15.9 per cent (2021: 12.4 per cent). This was backed by electrical, electronic and optical products following increased global demand for semiconductors," the report said.

Meanwhile, DOSM said growth in Selangor, Pahang and Kuala Lumpur were driven by the services sector, which experienced rapid growth in the tourism-related subsector, including the wholesale & retail trade, food & beverage and accommodation. It said Selangor continued to uphold its position as the largest economy, with the manufacturing sector also strengthening by 9.0 per cent.

"This is supported by electrical, electronic and optical products (13.6 per cent) as well as transportation equipment, other manufacturing and repair (16.6 per cent)," it said. In terms of GDP per capita, DOSM reported that all states recorded improved performance compared with 2021. Five states exceeded the national

GDP per capita, which were Kuala Lumpur (RM127,199), Labuan (RM85,560), Sarawak (RM80,857), Pulau Pinang (RM69,684) and Selangor (RM59,908), it said.

On prospect, DOSM said the Malaysian economic outlook in 2023 is projected to experience moderate growth, given the prevailing uncertainties in the global economic landscape. It said the leading index for April 2023 projected the economic performance to grow gradually in the coming months, attributable to a downturn in all index components.

"This is observed in the GDP of the first quarter of 2023, indicating slow growth of 5.6 per cent compared with 7.1 per cent in the previous quarter. Despite facing an uncertain economic climate, the labour market, in contrast, continues to strengthen. The labour force participation rate in the first quarter of 2023 increased to 69.8 per cent, compared to 69.5 per cent in the fourth quarter of 2022. Similarly, the unemployment rate dropped to 3.5 per cent in the first quarter of 2023 compared to 3.6 per cent in the previous quarter," it added.

Source: New Straits Times, 27 June 2023



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THE YANG DI-PERTUAN AGONG
AL-SULTAN ABDULLAH RI'AYATUDDIN
AL-MUSTAFA BILLAH SHAH
IBNI ALMARHUM SULTAN HAJI AHMAD SHAH
AL-MUSTA'IN BILLAH

on the Occasion of
HIS MAJESTY'S OFFICIAL BIRTHDAY



NEWS ON

SEMICONDUCTOR INDUSTRY

Vietnam Attracts Global Semiconductor Manufacturers

A number of global semiconductor manufacturers are increasing their presence in Vietnam, making the South-East Asian country a rising star in the world semiconductor market. South Korea's Hanmi Semiconductor, a leading manufacturers of semiconductor equipment, announced at the end of May that its branch, based in the northern province of Bac Ninh, was officially put into operation. Kwak Dong-shin, chief executive officer at Hanmi Semiconductor, was quoted by Dau Tu (Vietnam Investment Review) newspaper as saying that: "We believe that Vietnam is emerging as a production hub for many semiconductor manufacturers."

In early June 2023, Infineon Technologies AG, Germany's largest company specialising in semiconductor solutions for power and IoT systems, announced the expansion of its operations in Vietnam, together with the establishment of a chip development team in Hanoi. CS Chua, president and managing director of Infineon Technologies Asia Pacific, was quoted by the newspaper that with a population of around 100 million and a young population structure, Vietnam was turning into a key market and destination for multinational corporations to search for technical talents. According to market research company Technavioa, the semiconductors market in Vietnam was estimated to grow at a combined annual growth rate of 6.12% between 2022 and 2027. The size of the market was forecast to increase by US\$1.65bil (RM7.6bil).

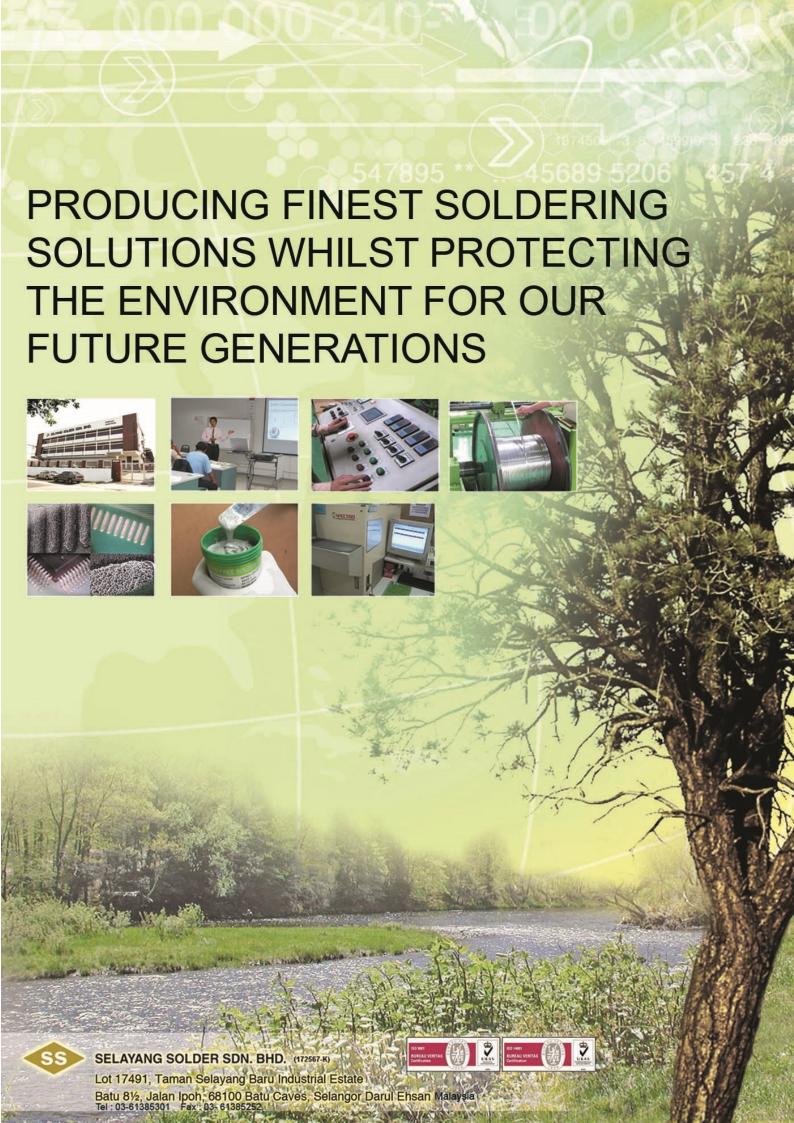
Technavio's report pointed out that the growing number of smartphone users was driving market growth. To meet the growing demand for smartphones, manufacturers in the regions have to open more factories in the country. About 40 different mobile phone brands, including Sony and Samsung, were exported from Vietnam. The market was also seeing an emerging trend of smart homes with devices such as cameras, sensors, control systems, mobile devices and automation systems which required semiconductors to function. However, the lack of availability of skilled labour is a major challenge impeding market growth, according to the report.

Technavio said that several vendors wanted to move their semiconductor production lines to Vietnam, particularly in light of the United States-China trade dispute, resulting in the rise of skilled workers with the knowledge and aptitude to produce semiconductors. However, the nation lacks professionals with the necessary skills and training. According to Liu Xin, director of marketing of Laser Vietnam, which had put a US\$15mil (RM69.31mil) plan into operation at the end of March, Vietnam is a wonderful country for investment thanks to the potential market and the support from the government. A recent report by the Bank of Korea pointed out that Vietnam quickly emerged as a major market for South Korean semiconductor makers, which had been struggling amid sluggish demand in China.

"Vietnam is emerging as a new source of demand for South Korean semiconductors, as it rises as an international production base for information technology (IT) devices that could potentially replace China in the future," the report said. The report pointed out that Vietnam had become home to major smartphone manufacturers' production bases. And South Korean semiconductors were used as intermediary goods in Vietnam to produce finished IT products. Vietnam's abundant low-wage workforce and high accessibility to the Chinese market were prompting global businesses, including those from South Korea, to build manufacturing facilities in the country, according to the report.

Nguyen Khac Giang from ISEA, Yusof Ishak Institution, said that Vietnam had the opportunity to enhance its position in the global value chain and transform from a labour-intensive model into an advanced technology-powered model from embracing the semiconductor industry development. - Viet Nam News/ANN

Source: The Star, 20 June 2023



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Email: sales@perstima.com.my

Pasir Gudang Office

PLO 255, Jalan Timah. Kawasan Perindustrian Pasir Gudang, 81700 Pasir Gudang, Johor, Malaysia. Tel: +6-07-2981222 / 221



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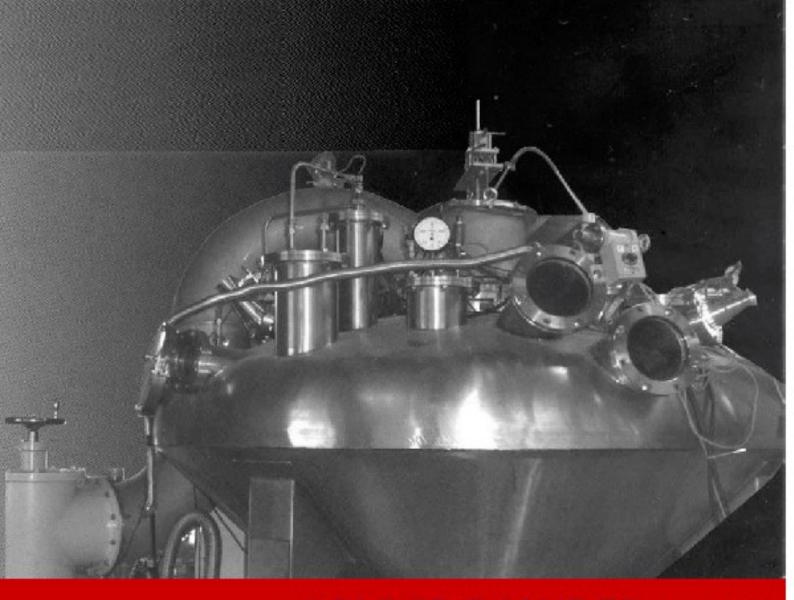
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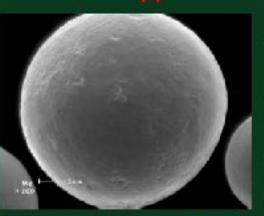
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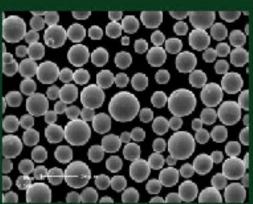
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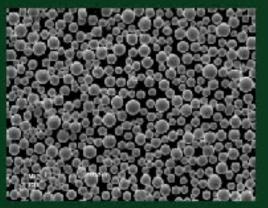


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NEWS ON

ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS INDUSTRY

Boost for E and E Exports

'Electrical and Electronics Performing Better Than Global Outlook'

The country's electrical and electronic (E&E) exports are performing better than this year's global outlook, says the Malaysia Šemiconductor Industry Association (MSIA). Its president Datuk Seri Wong Siew Hai said E&E exports for the first quarter of this year was RM142bil, which was 3.3% higher compared to the same corresponding period last year. However, he said that the figure was 8.4% lower compared to the fourth guarter of last year. However, he said that the figure was 8.4% lower compared to the fourth quarter of last year.

Wong said Malaysia's E&E exports recorded a strong growth of 18% and 30% in 2021 and 2022 respectively with E&E exports reaching a record high of RM593bil in 2022 alone. However, according to the international research house Gartner, Wong said they had forecast a decline in worldwide semiconductor revenue of 11% this year.

"But so far, Malaysia's exports seem to be performing better than the global scene," he added. On the shortage of foreign workers, Wong said most companies had already hired the workers they needed last year as demand for chips was strong then. "The situation is different now, as the E&E industry is facing a contraction in demand from the consumer market. With the improvement in lead time for shipment of chips and companies undergoing austerity drive, there is no real need for foreign workers in the short-term. However, the policy on foreign workers, expatriates and workforce in general still needs to be addressed and the processes further improved," Wong said.

Small and Medium Enterprises Association (Samenta) national secretary Yeoh Seng Hooi said the outlook of the SME industry that supported semi-conductor sectors had not been favourable as there were many uncertainties in the global market.

"The hike in interest rates has raised financing costs and there is fear that it may impact consumption. This doesn't augur well for SMEs that are still recovering from the Covid-19 pandemic," he said. Yeoh said the SME industry could also go full speed in production but it would be based on demand. On exports from the industry, he said it was dependent on external demand which appears to be softening. He, however, said those in the automotive, medical (except gloves), metal stamping, wood -based still recorded some growth.

"The Vistage-MIER CEO Confidence Index has shown that 52% of the respondents are expecting an increase in export orders," he said, adding that the prospects for the second half remain a concern for SMEs. On foreign worker recruitments, the process is ongoing and the situation has seen some improvement. He said the costs of recruitment, including agency fees, were still taxing to SMEs. He said SMEs would like to see the issuance of work permits to foreign students who are already studying in local tertiary institutions.

"With the shortage of skilled workers and technicians, more approvals to recruit skilled workers from India, the Philippines and others should be granted during this transitionary phase until we have sufficient graduates from the technical and vocational education and training (TVET) streams," he said.

Source: The Star, 11 May 2023

MALAYSIAN TIN STATISTICS

(In Tonnes)

Partial	Production	Imports of	Defined The		Formards of
Period	of Tin-In- Concentrates	Tin-In- Concentrates	Refined Tin Production	Local Consumption	Exports of Tin Metal
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022*	4,158 3,894 3,868 3,611 2,963 3,013 3,517 3,596	30,536 29,866 27,450 25,644 22,288 322 18,043	26,849 27,211 27,115 24,387 22,367 16,634 19,442 24,387	2,238 2,707 1,964 1,441 1,512 1,156 1,152	27,470 27,147 27,342 24,418 22,597 16,441 19,299 24,418
Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May. Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec	289 266 162 36 252 278 272 277 292 295 272 272	2,136 1,449 1,105 1,198 2,187 1,927 1,972 2,785 2,398 1,565 1,536 2,030	24,367 2,314 1,880 1,228 1,110 1,344 1,926 1,819 2,672 2,057 2,078 1,974 1,965	1,441 93 119 71 75 99 190 150 151 138 146 125 155	24,416 2,180 2,226 1,191 933 1,516 1,644 2,240 2,290 2,198 2,126 2,108 1,945
2021 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May. Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct Nov. Dec	278 257 290 294 262 44 204 233 262 292 270 294	28 29 46 47 26 0 21 19 59 16 10 21	1,639 1,847 2,041 1,680 1,861 695 973 1,115 1,221 1,349 1,086 1,127	145 70 113 115 91 86 84 86 85 98 91	1,770 1,765 1,982 1,836 1,638 894 507 1,085 1,599 1,165 1,172 1,028
2022* Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May Jun. Jul. Aug Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	234 252 306 273 276 285 303 338 325 322 271 331	1,173 1,162 1,258 1,511 1,660 1,729 1,475 1,397 1,313 1,842 1,454 2,069	1,332 1,160 1,653 1,417 1,143 1,730 1,886 2,211 1,592 1,692 1,702 1,924	106 108 89 117 82 76 100 94 83 82 117	1,305 1,017 1,659 1,431 1,333 1,481 1,494 2,402 1,948 1,431 1,622 2,176
2023* Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May	327 301 316 297 n.y.a	1,482 1,715 1,920 1,374 1,617	1,780 1,561 2,054 1,513 1,848	n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a	1,388 2,015 2,138 1,651 1,730

: Preliminary : Department of Mineral and Geoscience Malaysia Sources

Malaysia Smelting Corporation Bhd.

n.y.a : not yet available

MALAYSIA'S DOMESTIC TIN CONSUMPTION

(In Tonnes)

TOTAL					
PERIOD	CONSUMPTION	SOLDER *	TINPLATE	PEWTER	OTHERS *
PERIOD	CONSUMPTION	JOLDEK	IINFLATE	PEWIER	OTHERS
2016	2,238	1,314	750	86	88
2017	2,707	1,348	737	63	559
2018	1,964	1,019	759	39	147
2019	1,441	695	639	19	88
2020 2021	1,512	738 395	626 710	8 6	140 45
2021	1,156 1,152	400	639	9	104
2020	1,102	400	039	9	104
Jan.	93	40	48	0	5
Feb.	119	62	52	0	5
Mar.	71	22	45	0	4
Apr.	75	19	53	0	3
May.	99	49	44	0	6
Jun.	190	74	67	3	46
Jul.	150	84	55	3	8
Aug.	151	49	65	0	37
Sep. Oct.	138 146	85 77	46 59	0 0	7 10
Nov.	125	77 78	40	2	5
Dec.	155	99	52	0	4
2021	100		02	•	
Jan.	145	73	66	1	5
Feb.	70	30	37	0	3
Mar.	113	40	68	0	5
Apr.	115	39	68	1	7
May	91	40	46	0	5
Jun	86	29	50	0	7
Jul.	84	20	64	0	0
Aug. Sep.	86 85	25 30	57 53	0 2	4 0
Oct.	98	29	69	0	0
Nov.	91	20	69	2	0
Dec.	92	20	63	0	9
2022					
Jan.	106	27	56	0	23
Feb.	108	35	69	1	3
Mar.	89	24	58 67	1	6
Apr. May.	117 82	39 24	67 54	1 0	10 4
Jun.	76	20	54 50	0	6
Jul.	100	25	62	2	11
Aug.	94	30	54	0	10
Sep.	83	40	35	1	7
Oc.	82	30	41	1	10
Nov.	117	57	50	1	9
Dec.	98	49	43	1	5
2023** Jan.	nva	nva	31	nva	n v a
Feb.	n.y.a n.y.a	n.y.a n.y.a	40	n.y.a n.y.a	n.y.a n.y.a
Mar.	n.y.a	n.y.a	29	n.y.a	n.y.a
Apr.	n.y.a	n.y.a	39	n.y.a	n.y.a
May	n.y.a	n.y.a	38	n.y.a	n.y.a
Jun.	n.y.a	n.y.a	30	n.y.a	n.y.a

: The figures include high-grade tin (99.9% Sn) imported for consumption.

: Preliminary.: not yet available n.y.a

Sources : Malaysia Smelting Corporation Bhd

Perstima Bhd

: Local consumption of tin metal refers to the use of tin in a particular application. Note

> Sales to manufacturing industries have been used as proxy for consumption except in the case of manufacture of tinplate which are actual tin consumption data.

WORLD STOCKS OF REFINED TIN

(In Tonnes at Period End)

		Total	
Period	LME Stock	Country	US Strategic
		Stocks	Stockpile
			•
2017	0.005	10.045	4.000
2017	2,235	19,245	4,020
2018	2,165	16,790	4,020
2019	7,130	23,217	4,020
2020	1,890	22,129	4,020
2021	2,045	21,737	4,020
2019			·
Jan.	1,845	16,439	4,020
Feb.	1,325	16,552	4,020
	· ·	•	,
Mar.	950	22,333	4,020
Apr.	890	23,132	4,020
May.	2,810	23,083	4,020
Jun.	6,045	23,524	4,020
Jul.	4,640	23,524	4,020
Aug.	6,830	23,449	4,020
Sep.	6.620	23,017	4,020
Oct.	6,020	23,104	4,020
Nov.	6,235	23,217	4,020
		·	·
Dec.	7,130	23,217	4,020
2020			
Jan.	6,630	22,546	4,020
Feb.	7,440	22,431	4,020
Mar.	6,205	22,211	4,020
Apr.	5,375	22,094	4,020
May.	2,455	22,183	4,020
Jun.	4,230	22,330	4,020
Jul.	3,675	22,268	4,020
	· '		· ·
Aug.	5,040	22,143	4,020
Sep.	5,550	22,480	4,020
Oct.	4,533	22,398	4,020
Nov.	3,805	22,290	4,020
Dec.	1,890	22,129	4,020
2021			
Jan.	820	22,366	4,020
Feb.	1,745	23,044	4,020
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· ·
Mar.	1,740	21,579	4,020
Apr.	1,245	21,589	4,020
May	755	21,589	4,020
Jun.	2,015	21,539	4,020
Jul.	2,290	21,499	4,020
Aug.	1,395	21,487	4,020
Sep.	1,235	21,508	4,020
Oct.	670	21,508	4,020
Nov.	1,285	21,508	4,020
	· ·	21,737	4,020
Dec.	2,045	21,131	4,020
0000			
2022			
Jan.	2,390	22,051	4,020
Feb.	2,245	22,076	4,020
Mar.	2,000	21,941	4,020
Apr.	2,010	22,267	4,020
May	1,990	22,248	4,020
Jun.	2,765	22,352	4,020
			·
Jul.	3,330	21,827	4,020
Aug.	4,065	21,787	4,020
Sep.	9,440	21,827	4,020
Oct	4,255	21,857	4,020
Nov	2,930	21,827	4,020
Dec	2,880	21,827	4,020
		Motel Statistics	, -

Source

: World Bureau of Metal Statistics

KLTM & LME TIN PRICES

		LME CASH			
	Average	Price (*)	Total Turnover	Average Price	
	(USD / Tonne)	(RM / Kg)	(Tonnes)	(USD / Tonne)	
2017	20,029	86.12	8,890	20,098	
2018	20,151	80.99	9,075	20,168	
2019	19,168	79.11	6,445	18,671	
2020	17,504	72.97	4,088	17,134	
2021	26,589	108.88	1,955	32,584	
2022	41,007	171.75	21	31,384	
2020					
Jan	17,014	69.42	406	17,056	
Feb	16,536	68.85	354	16,457	
Mar	16,417	69.47	236	15,321	
Apr	CLOSED	CLOSED	CLOSED	15,039	
May	15,110	65.65	268	15,410	
Jun	16,605	71.03	374	16,806	
Jul	17,287	73.79	358	17,452	
Aug	17,515	73.47	343	17,672	
Sep	17,846	74.12	444	17,946	
Oct	18,026	74.9	383	18,154	
Nov	18,433	75.84	413	18,568	
Dec	19,693	79.9	509	19,727	
2021					
Jan	22,085	89.25	314	21,955	
Feb	25,965	105.05	456	26,717	
Mar	26,162	107.64	494	27,396	
Apr	27,106	111.89	327	28,427	
May	31,132	128.61	298	32,524	
Jun	31,857	131.49	61	32,678	
Jul	CLOSED	CLOSED	CLOSED	34,183	
Aug	CLOSED	CLOSED	CLOSED	35,205	
Sep	CLOSED	CLOSED	CLOSED	35,048	
Oct	CLOSED	CLOSED	CLOSED	37,962	
Nov	CLOSED	CLOSED	CLOSED	39,333	
Dec	39,500	166.58	5	39,574	
2022					
Jan	41,007	171.75	21	41,807	
Feb	N.T	N.T	N.T	44,118	
Mar	N.T	N.T	N.T	44,249	
Apr	N.T	N.T	N.T	43,122	
May	N.T	N.T	N.T	35,945	
Jun	N.T	N.T	N.T	31,777	
Jul.	N.T	N.T	N.T	25,173	
Aug.	N.T	N.T	N.T	24,520	
Sep.	N.T	N.T	N.T	21,258	
Oct.	N.T	N.T	N.T	19,406	
Nov.	N.T	N.T	N.T	21,136	
Dec.	N.T	N.T	N.T	24,099	
2023	N T	N T	N.T	20 004	
Jan Fob	N.T	N.T	N.T	28,081	
Feb	N.T	N.T	N.T	27,070	
Mar	N.T	N.T	N.T	24,014	
Apr	N.T	N.T	N.T	25,886	
May	N.T	N.T	N.T	25,610	
Jun	N.T	N.T	N.T	27,263	

Note : As from 1 February 2001, KLTM price is quoted in US Dollar

Malaysian Ringgit to US Dollar exchange rate was unpegged on 22.8.2005

 $^{(\}mbox{\ensuremath{^{\star}}})$ KLTM's monthly average price is arrived at on a weighted average

against total tonnage basis.

N.T : No Transaction

LEAD COPPER **SILVER**

LME PRICES & STOCKS			LME	PRICE	S & ST	оскѕ]		IDON PRICES	
	Cash	Stocks			Cash	S	tocks			London
	Settle- ment	Period End			Settle- ment	Per	od End			Spot
	(US\$ / Tonne)	(Tonnes)			(US\$ / Tonne)	(To	onnes)			(US Cents / Troy Oz)
2019	1,899.25	66,200	20	19	6,062.43	14	4,675	1	2019	1,711.00
2020	2,018.60	133,175		20	7,755.24		5,800		2020	2,488.74
2021	2,304.79	54,375	20	21	9,550.31		8,725		2021	2,246.81
2022	2,212.48	24,283	20	22	8,367.23	8	4,804	_	2022	2,318.06
2020			20	20					2020	
Jan	1,925.16	66,800		an	6,049.20		9,800		Jan	1,796.50
Feb	1,872.30	68,100	Fe	eb	5,686.45	21	6,950		Feb	1,792.20
Mar	1,744.64	70,900	M	lar	5,178.68	22	1,200		Mar	1,491.82
Apr	1,651.53	73,650		pr	5,048.25		1,475		Apr	1,504.55
May	1,618.16	75,825		ay	5,233.82		5,725		May	1,623.24
Jun	1,739.86	66,500		un	5,742.39		3,325		Jun	1,771.98
Jul	1,812.15	118,150		ul	6,353.76		6,675		Jul	2,040.50
Aug	1,935.20	124,900		ug	6,496.70		8,250		Aug	2,686.25
Sep	1,881.36	137,000		ep	6,712.41 6,702.77		3,125		Sep	2,588.61 2,429.84
Oct Nov	1,777.07 1,914.48	124,400 112,700		ct ov	7,063.43		9,600 9,925		Oct Nov	2,429.64
Dec	2,018.60	133,175		ec	7,755.24		.9,923 15,800		Dec	2,488.74
2021	2,010.00	100,170	20		7,700.24	- 10	0,000	1	2021	2,400.14
Jan	2,214.93	96,775		an	7,970.50	7	4,275		Jan	2,592.84
Feb	2,085.75	94,625		eb	8,460.25		4,200		Feb	2,734.60
Mar	1,960.76	119,550	M	lar	9,004.98		3,775		Mar	2,561.35
Apr	2,006.33	110,575	Α	pr	9,335.55	13	7,400		Apr	2,564.03
May	2,185.92	97,325	M	ay	10,183.97	12	0,700		May	2,746.32
Jun	2,188.98	80,250		un	9,612.43		1,975		Jun	2,698.16
Jul	2,336.98	59,750		ul	9,433.59		8,650		Jul	2,575.32
Aug	2,428.52	52,250		ug	9,357.19		2,725		Aug	2,401.64
Sep	2,257.25	51,000		ер	9,324.07		7,175		Sep	2,330.73
Oct Nov	2,339.45	55,000		ct	9,778.50 9,765.48		31,300		Oct	2,329.64
Dec	2,347.57 2,304.79	56,775 54,375		ov ec	9,765.46		8,625 8,725		Nov Dec	2,419.64 2,246.81
2022	2,304.79	54,575		22	9,000.01	0	5,725		2022	2,240.01
Jan	2,342.70	54,006		an	9,775.93	9	0,478		Jan	2,312.85
Feb	2,299.90	49,196		eb	9,941.35		6,775		Feb	2,346.50
Mar	2,359.48	39,846		lar	10,237.59		7,259		Mar	2,524.02
Apr	2,396.74	39,355		pr	10,183.13		8,741		Apr	2,454.11
May	2,145.17	38,485	M	ay	9,362.81	16	8,371		May	2,190.55
Jun	2,067.38	39,141	Jι	un	9,033.13	12	1,468		Jun	2,149.03
Jul.	1,976.26	39,324		ul.	7,529.79		2,827		Jul.	1,907.62
Aug.	2,077.91	38,599	Αι	•	7,960.98		6,592		Aug.	1,975.00
Sep.	1,874.45	35,047	Se		7,734.70		4,064		Sep.	1,883.57
Oct.	1,988.10	30,148		ct.	7,621.21		37,107		Oct.	1,936.31
Nov.	2,099.39 2,212.48	27,207		OV.	8,029.95 8,367.23		9,600		Nov.	2,099.89
Dec. 2023	∠,∠1∠.4ŏ	24,283	De		0,307.23	8	4,804	1	Dec.	2,318.06
2023 Jan	2,208.17	22,052	20 Ja	23 an	8,999.79	0	1,888		2023 Jan	2,374.81
Feb	2,208.17	23,170	Fe		8,955.20		5,944		Feb	2,200.95
Mar	2,114.78	25,477	M		8,835.72		1,398		Mar	2,191.65
Apr	2,149.14	29,454	A		8,814.00		8,283		Apr	3,757.36
May	2,087.50	33,301		ay	8,234.28		3,939		May	2,419.37
Jun	2,118.36	38,527		un .	8,386.23		7,876		Jun	2,340.84

Source : London Metal Exchange





Specialty anodes in lead and tin

- ► Extruded wave anodes
- Extruded solid round anodes
- ► Extruded hollow round lead anodes
- Cored anodes
- ► 12-point extruded solid star anodes
- ► 12-point extruded hollow star anodes
- ► Extruded octagonal section anodes

Small parts in lead and tin

- ► Metering and security seals
- Diving weights

Pewter alloys

Chemical service

- ► Extruded lead coils and pipes
- ► Bearing / anti-friction metals

Lead acid battery components

- ► Battery terminals
- ► Lead oxides
- ► Lead burning sticks
- ► Extruded cooling coils
- ▶ Busbars
- ► 12-point extruded hollow star anodes
- ► Extruded octagonal section anodes

Radiation containment

- Radioactive isotope containers
- ► Lead bricks
- Radiation protection doors and mobile shields

Sailboat / yacht accessories

► Boat keels / bulbs

MATERIAL AVAILABILITY

All our casting and extruded products are produced from high purity materials and are available in the following chemical composition: -

- ▶ Pure lead of 99.97% minimum
- ► Antimonial lead alloys of up to 6% antimony content
- ► Pure tin of 99.85% and its alloys

SELAYANG METAL INDUSTRIES SDN. BHD.(64855-U)

LOT 17519A, TAMAN SELAYANG BARU INDUSTRIAL ESTATE, BATU 8 1/2 JALAN IPOH. 68100 BATU CAVES. SELANGOR DARUL EHSAN.

TEL: +603-61386724 +603-61380330 FAX: +603-61365355

EMAIL: biz@selayang-metal.com

ASSOCIATION MEMBERS

Currently, the Association comprises one associate and 13 ordinary members covering the three main sectors of Malaysia's tin-based products manufacturing industry, namely the tinplate, solder and pewter sectors as listed below:

ORDINARY MEMBERS:

TINPLATE

Perusahaan Sadur Timah Malaysia Bhd (PERSTIMA)

SOLDER

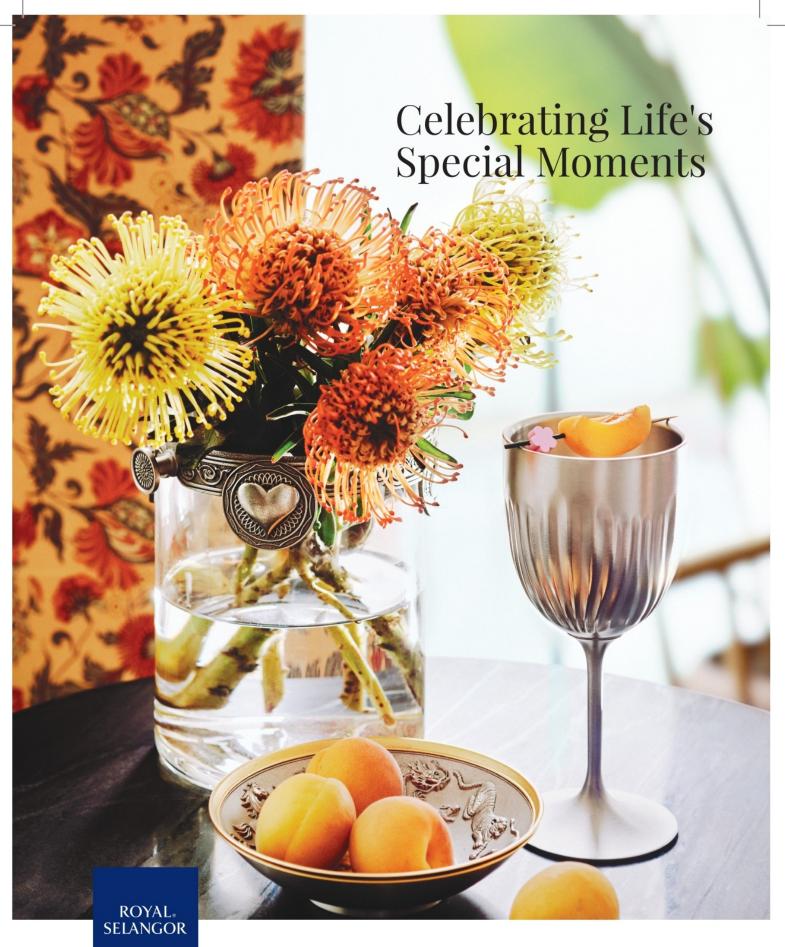
Nihon Superior (M) Sdn Bhd Premium Metal Sdn Bhd RedRing Solder (M) Sdn Bhd Rian Resources Sdn Bhd Selayang Metal Industries Sdn Bhd Selayang Solder Sdn Bhd Senju (M) Sdn Bhd Shen Mao Solder (M) Sdn Bhd

PEWTER

Oriental Pewter Sdn Bhd Royal Selangor International Sdn Bhd Selwin Pewter Sdn Bhd Tumasek Pewter Sdn Bhd

ASSOCIATE MEMBERS:

Malaysia Smelting Corporation Bhd



Royal Selangor Visitor Centre

4, Jalan Usahawan 6, Setapak Jaya, 53300, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 603 4145 6000 / visitorcentre@royalselangor.com



APM PREMIUM METAL SDN BHD

SERVICES PROVIDED

- ➤ Collect tin scrap and secondary waste
- ➤ Re-melt into solid metal
- To refine and remove impurities
- ➤ We have facility to check and analyse element content
- To recycle and refine tin waste become tin alloy ingot for reuse purpose



TIN ALLOY INGOT AVAILABILITY

- ➤ Tin / Lead Ingot
- ➤ Tin / Copper Ingot
- Tin / Copper / Silver Ingot
- Tin / Silver Ingot



PREMIUM METAL SDN BHD

(1159072-v)

Setia Business Park II 36, Jalan Perniagaan Setia 6, Jalan Perniagaan Setia, 81100 Johor Bahru, Johor, Malaysia.

TEL: +607-5506363 EMAIL: premiummetalsdnbhd@gmail.com

