# MALAYSIAN TIN BULLETIN



JULY 2022

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### JULY TIN MARKET REVIEW

#### Kuala Lumpur Tin Market (KLTM)

The KLTM remained quiet with again no trade being transacted during the month of July. The last transaction recorded was in January 2022. The absence of refined tin metal being offered for sale was the primary reason for the lack of trading on this local physical tin market.

#### London Metal Exchange (LME)

Due to weak demand, tin trading on the LME in July declined further, a follow through from June's downward momentum. This was in line with the trading movement of most other base metals traded on the LME during the month.

The first trading week commenced with cash tin recording a price of US\$27,000 per tonne and 3-month tin of US\$26,600 per tonne. It was a short trading week with only one day of trading conducted.

Backed by some good demand, the market rose at the opening of the second trading week to reach the month's highest price level on 4 July for cash and 3-month tin at US\$27,195 and US\$26,705 per tonne, respectively. It declined for a number of days, thereafter, before climbing towards end of the trading week.

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**LME TIN PRICES** 

JULY 2022

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The tin price softened during the early days of the third trading week, but made a brief sharp rebound before declining further to record the month's lowest price level on 15 July for cash tin at US\$23,600 per tonnne and for 3-month tin at US\$23,350 per tonne due to weak demand.

The tin price revived strongly during the first half of the fourth trading week due largely to a recovery in demand, in-line with that of other base metals traded on the LME. It eased afterwards before inching-up at end of the trading week.

The incline continued during the first two days of the final trading week. Buyers actively participated in the market while sellers stayed on the sideline. Demand came particularly from overseas interests resulting from the weakening US dollar. The tin price eased during mid-week before rebounding to end the trading month of July at US\$24,405 and US\$24,300 per tonne for cash and 3-month tin, respectively.

The July average LME cash price was US\$25,173 per tonne while the average 3-month tin price was US\$24,816 per tonne.

### NEWS HIGHLIGHT

#### Make Tin Industry an Economic Engine Once Again

We recently hosted a forum on the future of the tin industry in Malaysia. More than 300 people joined the online discussion. Apart from our own presentations, there were speakers from Indonesia, the Philippines and the United Kingdom.

Our own Datuk Sia Hok Kiang, a long-time player in the tin business in both Malaysia and Australia, gave convincing evidence of the existence of sizeable untapped tin deposits in the country. The speaker from Indonesia explained her country's laws on tin mining in forests. The Philippine speaker shared his knowledge of a sustainability certification scheme for mining.

Towards Sustainable Mining (TSM) is a standard on sustainable and responsible mining, which is now used worldwide. The speaker from the International Tin Council, the United Kingdom, provided a lucid picture of the global market for tin, strengthening the belief that tin is indeed making a comeback. The forum was moderated by Teoh Lay Hock, who has spent a lifetime working on tin.

Based on the comments and the questions, it is clear that we have to think about a new roadmap for the development of the tin industry in this country. Evidently, tin deposits still exist in the country. About 1.5 million tonnes - an economically attractive source - lie just off the coast of Peninsular Malaysia.

Going by the recent high price of tin, which exceeded US\$40,000 per tonne, the in-situ value of that offshore deposits alone could reach more than RM200 billion. The technology to recover this tin is worth researching.

The price dipped a bit recently because of reduced demand arising from concern over inflation in the global economy. But experts predict the robust demand will return as the supply chain issues in industrial electronics are resolved.

According to market experts, the expansion of the global demand for tin is driven by the world hunger for anything electronic. Tin is now a major metal in the solder material which glues electronic circuits together.

This is a shift away from the lead-based solder. The use of tin in the canning sector is also expected to grow. Add to that the expanding use of tin in batteries and other energy storage technology. It is no wonder experts are bullish on the world demand for tin. In fact, many view tin as a critical metal as the world embraces the green economy and sustainability.

Sustainability is a major challenge in the mining industry. Tin is no exception. That is why in any effort to revive the tin industry, the impact on the environment must be the top consideration. The mining industry all over the world now adopts sustainable mining practices. There is more automation to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and improve productivity. International environmental standards on sustainable mining like the TSM are now commonplace in the mining business.

Investment in R&D is also a key strategy to sustain the position of tin in the many applications, as well as develop sustainability practices in processing. Like most businesses, in this era of climate concerns the tin industry will also have to conform to the global environmental, social and governance standards.

Our economy has long been dependent on petroleum, palm oil and rubber. All are showing signs of reaching their limits. Petroleum is a depleting resource. The land to expand oil palm cultivation has reached a limit. Rubber struggles to regain its former glory as plantations are abandoning the crop. As the world market for tin is sending positive signals about its future, it is time we revisited the industry and make it our economic engine once again.

Source: New Straits Times, 11 July 2022

## **NEWS ROUND-UP**

### Alphamin Achieved Record Tin Production

Alphamin recorded higher tin production during the latest quarter of 2022, surpassing levels set in the previous quarter. During this second quarter, the company mined some 112,600 tonnes of ore from its Mpama North mine, which is part of its expanding Bisie complex, and some 3,180 tonnes of tin contained were produced despite slightly lower tin grades and plant recoveries.

Sales of tin concentrate, however, fell quarter-on-quarter due to a catch-up in sales during the first quarter following delayed sales from the fourth quarter of 2021. Year-to-date production of 6,241 tonnes is on track to meet the company's production guidance of 12,000 tonnes tin-in-concentrate for 2022.

Mpama North's production cost is expected to decrease by some 6 per cent as lower tin prices reduce off-mine costs such as royalties and export duties. Alphamin will be able to operate in the lower half of the tin cost curve as its All-in Sustaining Costs is only some US\$14,800.

According to Alphamin's updated Strategic Review, it has been exploring alternative methods for achieving future value for shareholders. The company has concluded that continued expansion of the Bisie complex through the development of Mpama South, rather than an outright sale, is the best course of action. The Review was initiated in November 2021.

#### Myanmar's Wa State Raised Mineral Export Tariff

Myanmar's Wa State government has raised export tariff on all mineral products, including tin, in its effort to navigate rising inflation. Effective 1 July 2022, its Central Economic Planning Board raised the export tariff from 25 per cent to 30 per cent.

According to Wa State government's "Provisional Regulations on the Administration of Various Mineral Products in Wa State" formulated in 2006, export tariff on mineral products is set at a rate of 30 per cent. This tariff was temporarily reduced later to 25 per cent to encourage investors to invest and reduce their investment costs. Wa

State Government contends that after more than a decade of development, investors now have already recovered their costs and made substantial profits.

Meanwhile, Wa State Government's expenditure has been rising in line with the price of goods. Considering the current market situation and its financial viability, Wa State has decided to reinstate the tariff on mineral exports from 25 per cent to 30 per cent. The flat-rate portion of the duty on low-value minerals remains unchanged.

#### China's Refined Tin Imports Declined Amidst Weak Demand

China's imports of refined tin declined by half in June as the large arbitrage eased amidst weaker demand for the metal.

In September 2021, tin prices on the Shanghai Futures Exchange (SHFE) rose higher than the London Metal Exchange (LME) to open an import arbitrage, thus encouraging tin metal imports into China. With the tight global tin supply during that period, less material made its way to China, the world's largest tin consumer. However, as the average arbitrage reached historic levels, more metal imports soon followed. The country's refined tin imports rose to a new record of 5,521 tonnes in May 2022

As negative macroeconomic factors such as inflation hit the global economy, demand for tin weakened. With imported tin in the market now in surplus, the backwardation between the spot price and the price of the main futures contract eased from over 8,000 yuan per tonne to between 2,000 to 3,000 yuan per tonne. The arbitrage followed in June, which saw imports of metal declined by some 50 per cent to 2,757 tonnes.

Although demand for refined tin fell and most smelters closed down during June and July, China's Customs Department data showed that imports of tin-in-concentrate rose in June. Estimates by the International Tin Association (ITA) indicated that roughly 4,800 tonnes were imported in June, up 24 per cent. Of this, 46 per cent came from Myanmar, whose exports doubled, month-onmonth. Imports from other countries declined 7 per cent to an estimated 2,600 tonnes.

#### Tough Second Quarter for Renison

Metals X has released results showing a tough quarter on multiple fronts.

During the second quarter of 2022, tin production from its Renison mine declined by 13 per cent to 2,154 tonnes compared to the first quarter. The decline was due to 53 cases of Covid-19 and a large flu outbreak at the mine, which reduced man hours.

In addition, one of its production drill rigs was damaged during operations. The delays accrued during replacement reduced mined tonnages. This was somewhat offset by marginally higher mined grades and surface stockpiles.

Although the mined ore grade was 6 per cent higher, quarter-on-quarter, tin content fell short of the original mining plan. The planned operations in the high-grade Area 5 were unable to proceed due to a seismic event in February 2022. However, the material was not lost from the mine plan and Metal X intends to extract it later during the year.

Several other issues were present both in the mine and at surface during the second quarter.

In April, the company shut down its grinding mill for planned maintenance work after being postponed from March due to equipment shipping delays. Recoveries at the processing plant were marginally lower at 79.02 per cent as against its usual 79.44 per cent.

Because of the issues during the quarter, Renison's cash cost rose by some 16 per cent over the first quarter. At about US\$12,418 per tonne, its operating costs remained much below the LME benchmark tin price.

During the quarter, Metal X's tin-in-concentrate shipment to major smelters, namely MSC, Thaisarco and YTC, declined by some 41 per cent to some 879 tonnes compared to the first quarter of 2022. The realised tin price at some AU\$46,725 declined by almost 14 per cent thus reducing imputed revenue. The company, however, still made over AU\$100 million.

Source: International Tin Association Ltd. UK

## SPECIAL ARTICLE

#### Planting Seeds of Hope

In Malaysia, the Environmental Bamboo Foundation is working with SEAD (Stewards of Environmentally Aware Developments) Plant to create the first bamboo village in the country. "The Bamboo Village Initiative is an incredibly ambitious one, but absolutely worth working towards, as it is one of the most radical climate solutions that holistically brings together the triple bottom line of social, environmental and financial impact," said Lucas Loo, SEAD executive director and founder.

Loo said they are excited about the project, to be based in Perak. They have so far identified about 390ha of land in the state – namely Sungai Siput, Batu Gajah and Sungai Raia – consisting of degraded tin mining land to plant the bamboos. SEAD Plant works closely with the Temiar community in the initiative.

"The pressure on our tropical timber forests is alarming and the money is alluring. Rural communities need to feed their families and if that comes at the expense of deforestation, many would be tempted to make a long-term sacrifice for a short-term gain. Bamboo is a gamechanger in this entire paradigm. It is a resource that keeps giving, if you know how to harvest and manage it right.

"So rural communities stand to gain from sustainable economic activity in their backyard, the pressure on deforestation lightens, carbon sequestration increases, and Malaysia moves that much closer to climate resilience," said Loo, adding that their hope is to expand the Bamboo Village Initiative in Malaysia to cover 2,000ha of degraded lands by 2030.

Source: The Star, 25 July 2022

#### KLTM & LME TIN PRICES

			KLTM		LME				
		Average Price *	Exchange	Average Daily Turnover	Total Turnover	Cash	3-Month		
	Period	(US\$/Tonne)	Rates	(Tonnes)	(Tonnes)	(US\$/Tonne)	(US\$/Tonne)		
	2016	17,528		47	11,568	17,982	17,889		
	2017	20,029		37	8,890	20,098	19,994		
	2018	20,151		37	9,075	20,168	20,086		
	2019	19,168		26	6,445	18,671	18,610		
	2020	17,504		19	4,088	17,134	17,079		
	2021	26,589		16	1,955	32,584	31,105		
2019	Jan.	20,417		34	719	20,480	20,372		
2017	Feb.	21,268		37	628	21,268	21,172		
	Mar.	21,317		50	1,046	21,444	21,359		
		20,528			833				
	Apr.			38		20,684	20,560		
	May	19,394		19	388	19,531	19,326		
	Jun.	19,065		19	344	19,177	19,076		
	Jul.	18,074		19	416	17,991	17,983		
	Aug.	16,532		20	422	16,577	16,567		
	Sep.	16,730		22	392	16,840	16,834		
	Oct.	16,562		21	464	16,603	16,627		
	Nov.	16,624		20	417	16,369	16,386		
	Dec.	16,883		18	376	17,093	17,063		
2020	Jan.	17,014		19	406	17,056	17,057		
	Feb.	16,536		18	354	16,457	16,456		
	Mar.	16,417		20	236	15,321	15,307		
	Apr.	1	CLOSED			15,039	14,949		
	May	15,110		17	268	15,410	15,231		
	Jun.	16,605		18	374	16,806	16,627		
	Jul.	17,287		16	358	17,452	17,375		
	Aug.	17,515		18	343	17,432	17,649		
	-	17,846			343 444				
	Sep.			21		17,946	17,962		
	Oct.	18,026		18	383	18,154	18,152		
	Nov.	18,433		20	413	18,568	18,539		
	Dec.	19,693		23	509	19,727	19,643		
2021	Jan.	22,085		17	314	21,955	21,596		
	Feb.	25,965		25	456	26,717	24,415		
	Mar.	26,162		21	494	27,396	25,079		
	Apr.	27,106		16	327	28,427	26,568		
	May	31,132		17	298	32,524	29,736		
	Jun.	31,857		12	61	32,678	30,829		
	Jul.		CLOSED			34,183	33,010		
	Aug.		CLOSED			35,205	34,352		
	Sep.		CLOSED			35,048	34,109		
	Oct.		CLOSED			37,962	36,567		
	Nov.		CLOSED			39,333	38,042		
	Dec.	39,500		5	5	39,574	38,956		
2022	Jan.	41,007		5	21	41,807	41,344		
2022	Feb.	41,007	NO TRANSACTION	3	21	44,118	43,820		
	Mar.		NO TRANSACTION			44,249	43,917		
						· ·			
	Apr.	1	NO TRANSACTION			43,122	42,644		
	May		NO TRANSACTION			35,945	35,617		
	Jun.		NO TRANSACTION			31,777	31,459		
2022	Jul.	-	NO TRANSACTION			25,173	24,816		
2022	1		NO TRANSACTION			27,000	26,600		
July	4	1	NO TRANSACTION			27,195	26,705		
	5		NO TRANSACTION			25,700	25,250		
	6	1	NO TRANSACTION			25,300	25,100		
	7		NO TRANSACTION			25,625	25,010		
	8	1	NO TRANSACTION			25,800	25,155		
	11		CLOSED			25,800	25,600		
	12		NO TRANSACTION			25,700	25,550		
	13		NO TRANSACTION			24,900	24,425		
	14		NO TRANSACTION			25,600	24,925		
	15	1	NO TRANSACTION			23,600	23,350		
	18		NO TRANSACTION			24,010	24,250		
	19	1	NO TRANSACTION			24,900	24,600		
	20		NO TRANSACTION			25,000	24,550		
	21	1	NO TRANSACTION			24,475	24,100		
						· ·			
	22	1	NO TRANSACTION			24,700	24,150		
	25		NO TRANSACTION			25,200	24,700		
		i .	NO TRANSACTION			25,300	24,925		
	26								
	27		NO TRANSACTION			24,150	24,050		
						24,150 24,275	24,050 23,850		

Sources

: The Kuala Lumpur Tin Market London Metal Exchange

Note

<sup>:</sup> As from 1 February 2001, KLTM price is quoted in U.S. Dollar \* KLTM's monthly average price is arrived at on a weighted average against total tonnage basis.

#### WORLD REFINED TIN STOCKS

				COL	JNTRY STO	CKS		Total	Total		
Period	LME Stock	Germany	U.K	Indonesia*	Japan	Malaysia*	Brazil*	U.S.A	Country	Commercial	US Strategic
					5-6/				Stocks	Stocks	Stockpile
2017				1							
2016 2017	3,800	2,129	955	3,976*	1,400	356*	3,600*	6,220	18,600	24,800	4,020
2017	2,235	2,130	955	3,870	1,360	600*	3,600*	6,730	19,245	26,395	4,020
2019	2,165	2,130	955	2587*	1,469	439*	3600*	5,610	16,790	27,226	4,020
2020	7,130 1,890	2,130 2,130	955 955	8600* 8600*	1,806	400* 271*	3600* 3600*	5,920 5,100	23,217 22,129	35,678 29,464	4,020
2021	2,045	2,130	955 955	8600*	1,473 1,545	377*	3600*	4,530	21,737	25,142	4,020 4,020
2019	2,043	2,100	733	0000	1,545	377	3000	4,550	21,737	23,142	4,020
Jan.	1,845	2,130	955	2587*	1,578	439*	3600*	5,150	16,439	26,524	4,020
Feb.	1,325	2,130	955	2587*	1,578	439*	3600*	5,150	16,552	26,111	4,020
Mar.	950	2,130	955	8594*	1,765	439*	3600*	4,850	22,333	31,458	4,020
Apr.	890	2,130	955	8594*	1,834	439*	3600*	5,580	23,132	31,451	4,020
May.	2,810	2,130	955	8600*	1,849	439*	3600*	5,510	23,083	34,096	4,020
Jun.	6,045	2,130	955	8600*	2,520	209*	3600*	5,510	23,524	37,961	4,020
Jul.	4,640	2,130	955	8600*	2,520	209*	3600*	5,510	23,524	34,583	4,020
Aug.	6,830	2,130	955	8600*	2,445	209*	3600*	5,510	23,449	35,355	4,020
Sep.	6,620	2,130	955	8600*	2,013	919*	3600*	5,510	23,017	34,215	4,020
Oct.	6,020	2,130	955	8600*	2,100	400*	3600*	5,510	23,104	33,684	4,020
Nov.	6,235	2,130	955	8600*	2,022	400*	3600*	5,510	23,217	33,116	4,020
Dec.	7,130	2,130	955	8600*	1,806	400*	3600*	5,920	23,217	35,678	4,020
2020											
Jan.	6,630	2,130	955	8600*	2,041	400*	3600*	4,780	22,546	36,171	4,020
Feb.	7,440	2,130	955	8600*	1,966	400*	3600*	4,780	22,431	36,261	4,020
Mar.	6,205	2,130	955	8600*	1,966	268*	3600*	4,780	22,211	32,855	4,020
Apr.	5,375	2,130	955	8600*	1,761	268*	3600*	4,780	22,094	31,171	4,020
May.	2,455	2,130	955	8600*	1,850	268*	3600*	5,090	22,183	28,129	4,020
Jun.	4,230	2,130	955	8600*	1,697	268*	3600*	5,080	22,330	29,666	4,020
Jul.	3,675	2,130	955	8600*	1,645	268*	3600*	5,070	22,268	29,226	4,020
Aug.	5,040	2,130	955	8600*	1,520	268*	3600*	5,080	22,143	30,811	4,020
Sep.	5,550	2,130	955	8600*	1,663	432*	3600*	5,100	22,480	31,518	4,020
Oct.	4,533	2,130	955	8600*	1,621	432*	3600*	5,060	22,398	31,119	4,020
Nov.	3,805	2,130	955	8600*	1,473	432*	3600*	5,100	22,290	31,100	4,020
Dec.	1,890	2,130	955	8600*	1,473	271*	3600*	5,100	22,129	29,464	4,020
2021											
Jan.	820	2,130	955	8600*	1,570	271*	3600*	5,240	22,366	29,477	4,020
Feb.	1,745	2,130	955	8600*	1,578	271*	3600*	5,910	23,044	33,151	4,020
Mar.	1,740	2,130	955	8600*	1,573	181*	3600*	4,540	21,579	31,734	4,020
Apr.	1,245	2,130	955	8600*	1,573	181*	3600*	4,550	21,589	30,572	4,020
May	755	2,130	955	8600*	1,573	181*	3600*	4,550	21,589	28,232	4,020
Jun.	2,015	2,130	955	8600*	1,573	181*	3600*	4,500	21,539	27,012	4,020
Jul.	2,290	2,130	955	8600*	1,573	181*	3600*	4,460	21,499	26,954	4,020
Aug.	1,395	2,130	955	8600*	1,581	181*	3600*	4,440	21,487	24,199	4,020
Sep.	1,235	2,130	955	8600*	1,518	265*	3600*	4,440	21,508	24,344	4,020
Oct.	670	2,130	955	8600*	1,518	265*	3600*	4,510	21,508	23,287	4,020
Nov. Dec.	1,285 2,045	2,130 2,130	955 955	8600* 8600*	1,548 1,545	265* 377*	3600* 3600*	4,530 4,530	21,508 21,737	24,894 25,142	4,020 4,020
	2,043	2,130	733	0000	1,545	377	3000	4,330	21,737	25,142	4,020
2022											
Jan.	2,390	2,130	955	8600*	1,545	181*	3600*	5,040	22,051	27,505	4,020
Feb.	2,245	2,130	955	8600*	1,550	181*	3600*	5,060	22,076	27,342	4,020
Mar.	2,000	2,130	955	8600*	1,535	181*	3600*	4,940	21,941	26,552	4,020
Apr.	2,010	2,130	955	8600*	1,551	681*	3600*	4,750	22,267	26,222	4,020
May	1,990	2,130	955	8600*	1,572	681*	3600*	4,710	22,248	26,496	4,020
Jun.	2,765 3,330	2,130	955	8600*	1,616	681*	3600*	4,710	22,292	28,808	4,020
Jul.		n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	3600*	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a

\* : at producer n.y.a : not yet available

Source : World Bureau of Metal Statistics

# MALAYSIAN PRODUCTION BY MINING METHODS (In Tonnes) NUMBER OF MINES IN OPERATIONS EMPLOYMENT AT TIN MINES

YEAR	A	GGRE	GATE	Г	Dredgin	ıg	Gr	avel f	Pump		Open	Cast	Un	ıder Gr	ound	Р	annin	g	Ama	ng Retre	eatment
	Prod.	Units*	Emp.	Prod.	Units	Emp.	Prod.	Units	Emp.	Prod.	Units	Emp.	Prod.	Units	Emp.	Prod.	Units	Emp.	Prod.	Units	Emp.
2016	4,158	14	1,406	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,388	14	1,130	-	-	-	293	-	-	442	18	276
2017	3,894	16	1,286	-	1	36	-	-	-	3,104	16	1,058	-	-	-	406	-	-	390	16	228
2018	3,868	12	1,295	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,184	12	1,075	-	-	-	424	-	-	260	11	220
2019	3,611	13	1,387	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,103	13	1,201	-	-	-	244	-	-	264	11	186
2020	2,963	14	1,534	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,780	10	1,348	-	-	-	125	-	-	58	11	186
2021**	2,979	13	1,844	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,796	13	1,624	-	-	-	119	-	-	64	11	220
2019																					
Jan.	325	11	1,242	-	-	-	-	-	-	272.0	11	1,025	-	-	-	28.7	-	-	24.8	11	217
Feb.	278	12	1,262	-	-	-	-	-	-	243.3	12	1,070	-	-	-	22.1	-	-	12.5	11	192
Mar.	324	13	1,289	-	-	-	-	-	-	286.0	13	1,097	-	-	-	18.4	-	-	20.0	11	192
Apr.	301	13	1,290	-	-	-	-	-	-	250.1	13	1,098	-	-	-	16.1	-	-	34.6	11	192
May	282	12	1,283	-	-	-	-	-	-	240.2	12	1,091	-	-	-	22.2	-	-	19.4	11	192
Jun	213	12	1,254	-	-	-	-	-	-	181.9	12	1,067	-	-	-	15.3	-	-	15.7	11	187
July	263	12	1,282	-	-	-	-	-	-	227.1	12	1,095	-	-	-	15.9	-	_	20.4	11	187
Aug.	299	10	1,396	-	-	-	-	-	-	260.2	10	1,209	-	-	-	20.0	-	_	19.1	11	187
Sep.	320	10	1,281	_	_	_	-	_	_	280.6	10	1,094	-	_	_	20.5	_	_	19.4	11	187
Oct.	312	12	1,441	_	_	_	-	_	_	262.6	12	1,255	-	_	_	15.4	_	_	33.5	11	186
Nov.	323	12	1,391	_	_	_	-	_	_	276.4	12	1,205	-	_	_	18.1	_	_	28.1	11	186
Dec.	356	12	1,387	-	_	_	-	-	-	309.4	12	1,201	_	_	-	31.1	-	_	15.7	11	186
2020																					
Jan.	289	12	1,434	-	-	_	-	_	_	273.0	12	1,248	_	-	-	11.4	-	_	3.6	11	186
Feb.	266	12	1,387	_	_	_	-	_	_	234.0	12	1,201	-	_	_	20.1	_	_	11.4	12	186
Mar.	162	13	1,550	_	_	_	_	_	_	143.9	13	1,364	_	_	_	13.2	_	_	4.6	12	186
Apr.	36	13	1,410	_	_	_	_	_	_	34.2	13	1,224	_	_	_	1.8	_	_	_	12	186
May	252	13	1,401	_	_	_	_	_	_	233.4	13	1,215	_	_	_	15.5	_	_	3.2	11	186
Jun	278	12	1,391	_	_	_	_	_	_	261.4	12	1,205	_	_	_	12.0	_	_	4.4	11	186
July	272	12	1,411	_	_	_	_	_	_	258.4	12	1,225	_	_	_	9.0	_	_	4.2	11	186
Aug.	277	13	1,567	_	_	_	_	_	_	263.7	13	1,381	_	_	_	9.2	_	_	3.8	11	186
Sep.	292	14	1,572	_	_	_	_	_	_	274.5	14	1,386	_	_	_	11.7	_	_	5.8	11	186
Oct.	295	13	1,562	_	_	_	_	_	_	283.7	13	1,376	_	_	_	6.9	_	_	4.1	11	186
Nov.	272	14	1,573	_	_	_	_	_	_	257.1	14	1,387	_	_	_	6.0	_	_	8.4	11	186
Dec.	272	10	1,534	_	_	_	_	_	_	261.4	10	1,348	_	_	_	7.1	_	_	3.3	11	186
Dec.	2,2	10	1,001							201.1	10	1,010				/			0.0		100
2021**																					
Jan.	278	10	1,539	_	_	_	_	_	_	252.1	10	1,353	_	_	_	19.0	_	_	6.5	11	186
Feb.	257	11	1,541	_	_	_	_	_	_	238.9	11	1,355	_	_	_	12.5	_	_	5.5	11	186
Mar.	290	10	1,550	_	_	_	-	_	_	271.9	10	1,364	-	_	_	12.9	_	_	5.0	11	186
Apr.	294	11	1,551	_	_	_	-	_	_	277.7	11	1,365	-	_	_	11.0	_	_	5.5	11	186
May.	262	11	1,508	_	_	_	-	_	_	244.5	11	1,322	-	_	_	11.3	_	_	5.8	11	186
Jun.	44	10	1,450	_	_	_	l -	_	_	40.1	10	1,264		_	_	0.0	_	_	4.2	11	186
Jul.	204		1,450	_	-	-	-	-	-	199.2	10	1,264	_	-	-	1.0	-	-	3.7	11	186
Aug.	233	10 9	1,547	_	-	-	-	-	-	218.1	9	1,361	_	-	-	11.4	-	-	3.7	11	186
-	262	10	1,794	_	-	-	-	-	-	245.4	10	1,608	_	-	-	11.4	-	-	4.8	11	186
Sep. Oct.	292	12	1,794	_	-	-	-	-	-	276.2		1,138	_	-	-		-		4.8	11	220
			1,844	_	-	-	-		-	255.6	13		_	-	-	11.0	-	-			
Nov.	270	13		_	-	-	-	-				1,624	_	-	-	9.0	-	-	5.7	11	220
Dec.	294	13	1,844	_	-	-	-	-	-	276.2	13	1,024	-	-	-	8.1	-	-	9.4	11	220
2022**																					
	224	12	1 7/10							210 4	10	1 557				7.0			7 2	11	104
Jan.	234		1,743	_	-	-	-	-	-	218.6			_	-	-	7.9	-	-	7.2	11	186
Feb.	252	12		_	-	-	-	-	-	234.2			-	-	-	6.5	-	-	10.9	11	186
Mar.	306	12		_	-	-	-	-	-	272.9			-	-	-	11.4	-	-	21.8	11	185
Apr.	273	12	1,834	_	-	-	-	-	-	251.0	12	1,649	-	-	-	12.1	-	-	10.4	10	185
	<u> </u>						<u> </u>			<u> </u>						l			l		

Source: Department of Mineral and Geoscience Malaysia

Note: \* Aggregate number of mines does not include Retreatment units

\*\* Preliminary

- Nil

# MALAYSIAN REFINED TIN PRODUCTION IMPORT OF TIN-IN-CONCENTRATES AND EXPORT OF TIN METAL (In Tonnes)

Period	Production of Tin-In- Concentrates	Imports of Tin-In- Concentrates	Refined Tin Production	Local Consumption	Exports of Tin Metal
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021*	4,158 3,894 3,868 3,611 2,963 2,980	30,536 29,866 27,450 25,644 22,288 322	26,849 27,211 27,115 24,387 22,367 16,634	2,238 2,707 1,964 1,441 1,512 1,156	27,470 27,147 27,342 24,418 22,597 16,441
2019 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May. Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	325 278 324 301 282 213 263 299 320 312 323 356	2,169 1,700 2,263 2,090 1,842 2,393 2,393 2,381 1,998 2,506 2,147 1,762	1,887 1,912 2,169 2,145 1,836 1,536 2,491 2,476 2,234 1,478 2,137 2,086	125 99 134 125 145 129 144 122 111 111 105	2,205 1,694 2,195 2,097 1,891 1,630 2,347 2,257 1,886 1,790 2,086 2,340
2020 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May. Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec	3,596 289 266 162 36 252 278 272 277 292 295 272 272	25,644 2,136 1,449 1,105 1,198 2,187 1,927 1,972 2,785 2,398 1,565 1,536 2,030	24,387 2,314 1,880 1,228 1,110 1,344 1,926 1,819 2,672 2,057 2,078 1,974 1,965	1,441 93 119 71 75 99 190 150 151 138 146 125 155	24,418 2,180 2,226 1,191 933 1,516 1,644 2,240 2,290 2,198 2,126 2,108 1,945
Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May. Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct Nov. Dec	278 257 290 294 262 44 204 233 262 292 270 294	28 29 46 47 26 0 21 19 59 16 10 21	1,639 1,847 2,041 1,680 1,861 695 973 1,115 1,221 1,349 1,086 1,127	145 70 113 115 91 86 84 86 85 98 91	1,770 1,765 1,982 1,836 1,638 894 507 1,085 1,599 1,165 1,172 1,028
2022* Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr.	234 252 306 273	n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a	n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a	n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a	n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a

: Preliminary : Not yet available n.y.a

Sources

Department of Statistics, Malaysia
 Department of Mineral and Geoscience Malaysia

Malaysia Smelting Corporation Bhd.

## MALAYSIA'S DOMESTIC TIN CONSUMPTION (In Tonnes)

	TOTAL				
PERIOD	CONSUMPTION	SOLDER *	TINPLATE	PEWTER	OTHERS *
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021**	2,238 2,707 1,964 1,441 1,512 1,156	1,314 1,348 1,019 695 738 395	750 737 759 639 626 710	86 63 39 19 8 6	88 559 147 88 140 45
2019 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	125 99 134 125 145 129 144 122 111 111 105	66 60 69 51 70 66 91 60 41 41 45 35	51 35 56 64 62 56 47 51 60 59 52 46	1 0 1 2 1 1 3 1 3 3 1 2	7 4 8 8 12 6 3 10 7 8 7
2020 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. Jun. Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	93 119 71 75 99 190 150 151 138 146 125	40 62 22 19 49 74 84 49 85 77 78	48 52 45 53 44 67 55 65 46 59 40 52	0 0 0 0 0 3 3 0 0 0	5 4 3 6 46 8 37 7 10 5 4
2021** Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May Jun Jul. Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	145 70 113 115 91 86 84 86 85 98 91	73 30 40 39 40 29 20 25 30 29 20	66 37 68 68 46 50 64 57 53 69 69	1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 2 0 2	5 3 5 7 5 7 0 4 0 0 9
2022** Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May Jun	n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a	n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a	56 69 58 67 54 50	n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a	n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a n.y.a

\* : The figures include high-grade tin (99.9% Sn) imported for consumption.

\*\* : Preliminary. n.y.a : not yet available

Sources : Department of Mineral and Geoscience Malaysia

Malaysia Smelting Corporation Bhd

Perstima Bhd

Note : Local consumption of tin metal refers to the use of tin in a particular application.

Sales to manufacturing industries have been used as proxy for consumption except in the case of manufacture of tinplate which are actual tin consumption data.

#### WORLD MINE PRODUCTION (In Tonnes)

												2022
							Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June
EUROPE												
Portugal	48	56	60	108	108	108	9	9	9	9	9	9
Spain	7	23	32	147	74	49	2	2	2	2	2	2
Russia	1,140	702	1,200	2,264	2,538	2,920	244	250	182	237	237	238
United Kingdom	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
AFRICA												
Burundi	51	123	126	143	121	127	47	50	50	50	50	50
DR Congo	4,128	7,145	9,000	6,250	13,508	15,000	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500
Egypt	· -		· -	· -	-	-	-	· -	· -	,		· -
Namibia	_	-	-	9	242	499	45	53	50	50	52	50
Nigeria	3,827	5,964	8,784	7,020	5,848	6,900	500	500	500	500	500	500
Rwanda	2,621	3,508	2,400	2,223	1,692	2,122	150	150	150	150	150	150
South Africa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Zimbabwe	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tanzania	104	68	6	18	1,600	1,200	100	100	100	100	100	100
Uganda	-	66	53	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ASIA												
	153,100	163,000	157,500	142,900	161,300	152,200	10,500	10,500	10,500	11,000	13,800	6,600
Indonesia	60,000	60,000	84,000	86,400		60,000						5,000
Kazakhstan	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Laos	1,308	779	566	1,156	1,237	1,415	249	157	200	337	54	50
Malaysia	4,123	3,967	3,999	4,080	3,183	3,180	265	265	265	265	265	265
Mongolia	36	50	60	110	120	120	10					10
Myanmar	47,435	58,883	45,900	33,750	29,100	29,544	1,800	1,800	4,300	1,900	800	800
Thailand	124	705	720	720	720	720	60		60			60
Vietnam	5,520	4,560	4,560	5,520	5,420	5,400	450	450	450	450	450	450
AMERICA												
Bolivia	17,614	17,973	17,259	17,194	14,710	19,462	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,500	1,500	1,500
Brazil	25,500	18,000	18,000	18,000		17,168	1,500					1,500
Peru	18,789	17,790	18,601	19,683	20,647	26,995	2,410	2,043	2,366	2,373	2,406	2,287
U.S.A.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OCEANIA												
Australia	6,635	7,217	6,871	7,738	7,836	8,691	600	600	600	900	900	900
WORLD TOTAL	254 040	270 200	270 400	255 447	220 452	252 020	27.042	27.700	20.404	27 002	20.245	22 024
WORLD TOTAL	351,948	3/0,299	3/9,482	355,116	320,452	353,820	26,942	<b>26,6</b> 99	<b>2</b> 9,494	27,893	29,345	22,021

Source : World Bureau of Metal Statistics - : Nil

## WORLD REFINED TIN CONSUMPTION (In Tonnes)

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2022	2022	2022	2022
EUROPE							Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June
Austria	3,323	4,148	3,983	3,082	2,960	4,057	250	200	204	200	328	300
Belgium	2,400	697	720	720	720	720	60	60	60	60	60	60
Bulgaria	101	1	117	210	240	303	20	20	20	20	20	20
Czech Republic	515	532	603	605	335	439	36	22	24	29	24	20
Denmark	3	17	7	1	10	17	1	1	1	1	1	1
Finland	86	51	77	94	72	95	3	10	18	0	1	1
France	4,736	5,456	6,080	5,020	4,982	3,643	242 1,000	280	351	471	284	386 1,685
Germany Greece	18,242 632	20,284 600	20,236 646	18,441 634	14,898 637	16,052 646	50	1,252 60	1,410 50	1,561 50	1,365 50	51
Hungary	145	1,177	2,050	2,036	1,714	1,706	100	100	130	130	122	100
Ireland	4	0	2,030	2,030	0	1,700	0	0	0	0	0	0
Italy	3,495	3,974	4,678	4,324	3,402	4,153	300	300	522	500	479	500
Netherlands	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	5,400	5,400	450	450	450	450	450	450
Norway	0	1	1	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Poland	3,669	3,537	3,723	3,335	1,580	1,012	125	50	30	30	103	32
Portugal	554	856	891	831	463	476	60	90	10	10	197	58
Romania	336	516	866	551	442	554	25	20	50	50	64	60
Russia	995	1,339	495	1,914	1,443	2,015	99	175	175	175	180	180
Slovakia	465	645	767	593	614	669	40	27	68	47	70	46
Spain	1,495	1,605	1,652	1,563	1,898	1,715	160	100	200	200	148	150
Sweden	6,492	5,457	6,020	5,835	5,343	6,105	600	530	549	550	517	541
Switzerland	47	69	45	60	44	46	1	10	10	10	13	10
United Kingdom	979	936	961	262	102	80	2	14	12	4	10	12
Yugoslavia	1,080	1,080	1,080	1,080	240	960	80	80	80	80	80	80
Other Europe	720	720	720	720	530	480	40	0	40	40	40	40
AFRICA												
Egypt	107	119	225	174	139	181	20	15	15	15	10	10
Morocco	21	15	22	20	22	27	3	0	2	5	6	4
Nigeria	300	623	1,436	1,322	240	240	20	20	20	20	20	20
South Africa	1,047	957	633	604	326	340	59	24	36	44	34	35
Other Africa	720	720	720	720	530	480	40	0	40	40	40	40
ASIA												
China	191,415	183,391	174,183	177,891	216,152	191,061	13,800	13,487	16,747	18,109	20,865	10,670
Hong Kong	1,800	1,800	3,300	3,600	480	1,359	130	130	130	130	130	130
India	9,088	9,861	11,365	10,615	9,734	10,566	912	900	910	900	694	934
Indonesia	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	100	100	100	100	100	100
Iran	987	1,058	1,573	2,221	2,261	1,600	100	100	100	100	100	100
Japan	26,113	29,111	28,084	24,905	20,198	28,383	1,923	2,233	2,130	1,794	1,893	2,038
Kazakhstan	490	431	405	350	287	0	5	50	50	0	0	45
Malaysia	1,560	1,560	1,560	1,560	1,560	1,560	130	130	130	130	130	130
Pakistan	279	300	489	311	194	322	16	16	15	0	30	30
Philippines	506	220	307	1,385	776	1,045	75 170	24	16	97	109	29
Singapore	1,960 14,199	1,920	1,920 13,927	1,920 11,957	1,720	1,920	160	160 858	160 1,229	160	160	160 928
South Korea	14,199	13,112 120	-	11,957	13,405 0	14,457 0	1,135 0	000	1,229	1,274 0	1,220 0	928
Syria Taiwan	4,140	4,494	120 4,576	4,569	10,096	8,772	580	742	861	900	726	640
Thailand	3,131	4,494	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	250	250	250	250	250	250
Turkey	2,416	3,110	3,000	3,202	3,746	4,158	350	522	576	529	272	311
United Arab Emirates	4,800	4,800	3,600	3,600	2,160	2,160	180	180	180	180	180	180
Vietnam	6,000	6,000	4,200	3,600	4,639	4,622	380	380	380	380	380	380
Other Asia	2,160	2,160	2,160	2,160	1,690	1,560	130	0	130	130	130	130
AMERICA												
AMERICA Argentina	878	596	674	420	1,108	799	40	35	26	39	43	40
Bolivia	480	480	480	480	480	480	40	40	40	40	40	40
Brazil	17,258	10,009	9,357	9,398	3,333	2,466	40	85	84	100	100	100
Canada	2,887	2,562	2,489	2,387	1,871	3,264	148	493	351	350	350	350
Chile	111	82	95	111	133	130	16	5	5	7	10	11
Colombia	300	280	271	248	237	207	33	10	4	5	12	12
Mexico	4,160	4,197	4,906	4,779	4,406	4,661	400	400	454	450	242	250
Peru	216	216	216	216	198	216	18	18	18	18	18	18
U.S.A.	29,455	31,476	34,664	31,057	29,191	34,559	4,736	2,297	2,773	1,812	2,701	1,602
Venezuela	59	19	16	12	10	12	1	1	1	1	1	1
Other America	420	420	420	420	275	240	20	0	20	20	20	20
OCEANIA												
Australia	215	259	284	375	255	317	0	20	49	54	9	56
New Zealand	7	49	46	41	30	65	0	5	0	12	0	9
WORLD TOTAL	207 5/2	204 700	270 500	2/0 7/0	204 444	277 770	20 725	97 599	20.407	20.004	25 /5-	24 /24
WORLD TOTAL	387,563	381,702	378,582	368,742	384,161	377,773	29,735	27,582	32,497	32,884	35,657	24,601

Source : World Bureau of Metal Statistics